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11 AUG 1941

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The Irish Times

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RUSSIANS HOLDING PUSH TO UKRAINE

BATTLE AGAINST KIEV PINCERS RAGING

AS the Red Air Force continues to strike hard at the German mechanised armies on the Eastern front, the Red Army maintains its stubborn resistance in battles which have raged for days in three vital areas. According to the latest Moscow communiqué, German progress in the Smolensk sector, where the Germans have been held for weeks after driving a wedge, is still barred.

Fighting continues near Korosten, the important railway town—recently claimed by the Germans as captured—at the end of the northern claw of the pincer-thrust towards Kiev, ninety miles to the south-east, and Byelaya-Tserkov, forty-five miles south-west of the Ukrainian capital, where the other pincer arm is operating.

The Russian communiqué also reports the development of fighting on the Estonian sector, where the Germans are trying to smash their way through the Soviet defences protecting Leningrad.

This morning's Soviet communiqué reads:—"During yesterday our troops continued fighting stubbornly against the enemy in the directions of Soltsi, Kholm, Smolensk, Byelaya-Tserkov and Uman."

NO GERMAN CLAIMS

As their campaign entered its eighth week, the German *communiqué* yesterday made no specific military claims. Recent assertions of striking successes in the battle for the Ukraine give way to a re-appearance of the familiar phrase that "operations are continuing according to plan." The German official News Agency had little to say about the progress of the fighting.

A Stockholm message suggests that the Germans are now trying to temper Saturday's sensational claims of the trapping of Soviet forces in the Southern Ukraine in an encircling move aimed at cutting off the Black Sea ports of Odessa and Nikolayev.

Germany military circles said, according to this message, that, while the German High Command considered that the Russian abandonment of the territory west of the great Dnieper bend was imminent, "the victories already won do not mean that a decision has been reached in these extensive operations."

IN FINLAND

In the Far North the German and Finnish troops do not appear to be making much headway, says the Press Association. The latest Finnish *communiqué* records "obstinate" Russian resistance. "The enemy's fortified positions have been pierced, and wedges have been driven into the enemy's lines as far as Lake Ladoga. Several enemy divisions have been cut off," it adds. "The enemy has suffered great losses in men and materials owing to his obstinate resistance. The completion of encirclement and destruction is continuing."

ALLEGED LOSSES

Writing in the Soviet Army organ, *Red Star*, Professor Yerusalimsky says that documents seized from the Germans disclosed that the Seventh German Tank Division lost 30 per cent. of its effectives, the Eleventh Infantry Division 20 per cent., and the 56th Infantry Division 40 per cent. Similar losses were sustained by the 197th and 299th Infantry Divisions, and the 11th, 15th, 14th and 16th Tank Divisions, while the 18th Tank Division also suffered "fearful losses." A number of tank, mechanised and infantry divisions, it is added, have been annihilated.

According to reliable reports reaching Ankara, out of 450,000 Rumanian troops fighting in Russia 30,000 have been killed and over 100,000 wounded to date.

An observer in the Turkish capital says that Constanza harbour is unusable as a result of the Soviet air raids.

Soviet guerrilla bands, it is officially announced in Moscow, continue to harry the German rear. Some of them are operating as far back as Lwow, in Poland, more than 250 miles behind the German lines.

The Red Air Force, besides joining the British in the raids on Berlin, has delivered heavy blows at German troop concentrations, bases, communications and aerodromes.

German 'planes raided Moscow during Saturday night, and ten aircraft are said to have been shot down.

IN UKRAINE ATTACK

The German News Agency claimed last night that *Luftwaffe* bombers and dive-bombers made a "singularly successful" attack on Soviet forces in the Ukraine, "putting out of action 23 batteries and destroying 18 armoured cars and 138 lorries." Other Berlin claims said that bombers and a U-boat on Saturday sank a Soviet destroyer and a patrol boat in a bay on the Karelian coast, and that artillery and anti-tank guns sank two Soviet transports of 1,000 and 8,000 tons on the Dnieper.

"10,000 'PLANES LOST"

Yesterday's German High Command *communiqué* stated:—"The operations in the East are continuing according to plan. Last night strong bomber forces bombed, with special success, armament works, transport plant and supply installations in Moscow. In the centre of the city and north of Moskva fiend many large fires were started. The action of the German *Luftwaffe* against the Soviet Air Force has been singularly successful in the last few days. "Since June 22 the enemy lost on the whole Eastern front, including the Finnish area of operations, over 20,000 'planes."

"NO LONGER CERTAIN"

"The Red Army is hurting the German military machine badly, perhaps vitally," said Martin Agronsky, National Broadcasting Company's radio commentator, from Ankara yesterday. "The Germans may still win, but the victory is no longer a certain one, and there is every reason to believe that it may never be a conclusive one. The opinion of all statesmen of this and other Middle Eastern countries was that in five weeks at the outside the Soviet military power would be reduced to impotence and the Germans would have troops available for advance on a new front. The Russo-German war is now in its eighth week and its political and strategical effects on the Middle Eastern theatre of war are finally becoming visible."

Discussing "considerable speculation" that Turkey would be the next battlefield, Mr. Agronsky said:—"There are no signs now that the Germans have begun preliminary concentrations, and, "in the opinion of military experts, it is almost inconceivable to-day that the Germans will be ready, even in the next month, to move any larger forces from the Russian front."

NEW TOWN NAMED

Soltsi, which is mentioned in the Russian communiqué this morning for the first time, is a key town 125 miles south of Leningrad and is astride the railway from Leningrad to Smolensk, *via* Vitebsk. It lies 65 miles north-east of Pskov, which was frequently mentioned in earlier Soviet communiqués as the scene of fierce fighting.—(Reuter.)

KREMLIN REPORTED HIT

Saturday night's air raid on Moscow was the heaviest and most effective yet carried out, according to the German Radio. "About 100 German 'planes took part and dropped h.e. bombs of all calibres and many thousands of incendiaries." This German version continues:—"A large number of bombs of heaviest calibre were used. A heavy bomb hit the Kremlin and caused great destruction there. Many fires were seen in the neighbourhood of the Kremlin, the glow of which was visible hundreds of kilometres away. Another great fire was started south-east of the town, where large oil depôts are situated, and hits were scored on a factory. In spite of strong defence from anti-aircraft guns, fighters and barrage balloons, only one German 'plane is missing."

FIFTEEN 'PLANES DOWN

This morning's Russian *communiqué* also says that the Russian Air Force, in co-operation with the land forces, inflicted blows on German Panzer troops and infantry. On Saturday 45 German aircraft were brought down for the loss of 25 aircraft.

According to precise information now available, during the German raid on Moscow on Saturday night ten German aircraft were brought down, and not eight, as previously reported. During Saturday Russian fighters destroyed, in addition, five German reconnaissance aircraft in the Moscow civil defence zone.

SOVIET ACCOUNT OF BATTLE

The Soviet communiqué, in a supplementary announcement, says:—

"Our X formation routed two German battalions of the 312th Infantry Regiment and one battalion of motorised infantry. The engagement commenced after two hours of German artillery fire. The Germans attacked our right flank, where a unit, supported by artillery and a group of mine-throwers, threw back the first German wave, inflicting on it heavy losses. The second attack was also successfully repulsed.

"After two attacks the Germans resumed shelling our right flank. An hour later artillery preparation was suddenly silenced, and a German tank group advanced against our troops. They let it pass into the interior of the defence zone, where it was completely annihilated. Twenty-three enemy tanks were destroyed. Enemy infantry, cut off from its flank, fell under the mine-throwers fire.

"The men of the mortar gun crew distinguished themselves particularly by killing more than 200 enemy soldiers. The unit of Lieutenant-Colonel Stepin repulsed the enemy and then counter-attacked. The Soviet troops destroyed 8 German Tommy guns, 11 machine-guns, 3 lorries and captured over 1,000 shells, 500 grenades, a large number of cartridges and the battalion radio transmitter."

The supplementary *communique* also says that two ships of the Northern Fleet were detailed to destroy gun emplacements in a certain bay (unspecified). Gliding towards the emplacements the ships opened deadly fire. The shelling went on for about three hours. German bombers which tried to hinder the action were put to flight by accurate anti-aircraft fire. Two German batteries were destroyed. The Russian ships returned to base without any damage or casualties.

MR. P. G. WODEHOUSE BROADCASTS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Sunday.

Mr. P. G. Wodehouse answered attacks made on him following his earlier broadcasts in a talk over the German Radio last night:—"My talks were designed simply as a way of acknowledging the hundreds of sympathetic letters that I received from American writers during my internment—letters that I had no other means of answering," he said. "They have caused violent attacks on me in England, but I still cannot see that there is anything in them which could not have been printed in any English newspaper, and which would not have been so printed if I had been in a position to write for English newspapers."

One of Wodehouse's talks was then re-broadcast.

LORD WILLINGDON

The condition of the Marquis of Willingdon, who has been suffering from pneumonia for over a week, was stated yesterday to be unchanged. Lord Willingdon is 75.

LATE NEWS

GERMANS BOMB MOSCOW AGAIN

German bombers made another raid on Moscow during last night. At least five 'planes were shot down.

A statement issued by the official Tass Agency says:—

"During the night several groups of German 'planes attempted to carry out a mass raid on Moscow. Enemy 'planes were dispersed by anti-aircraft fire and protective detachments of night fighters. Individual 'planes which broke through to the city dropped incendiary and high explosive bombs. Several fires broke out in dwellinghouses. There were some killed and injured. Military objectives suffered no damage. According to incomplete information, five German 'planes were brought down. Our air force suffered no losses."—(Reuter.)

FINNISH SHIP INTERCEPTED

The Finnish steamer Margarefta has been intercepted by a British warship in the Atlantic and taken to Gibraltar, according to the German-controlled Danish radio.—(Reuter.)

BRITISH SWEEPS OVER CHANNEL

SUPPLY SHIP HIT AND LEFT BURNING

SWEEPS over the Channel and Northern France were features of British air activity yesterday.

In the course of the sweeps hits were made on a supply ship, which was left burning.

German aircraft on Saturday night attacked East Anglia and coastal areas of East Scotland.

Yesterday's British Air *communiqué* stated:—

"Royal Air Force fighters escorted Blenheim bombers in an attack on enemy shipping off the French coast this morning.

"A supply ship was hit twice, and left burning.

"An enemy fighter was destroyed by the escort.

"Two of our bombers and one fighter are missing.

"Our fighters have also carried out several sweeps over Northern France during the day. No opposition from enemy fighters was encountered."

Describing the attack on the ship, the Air Ministry News Service stated that fighters dived down and silenced the fire from the escorting "flak" ship before the bombers made their attack. Smoke burst from two of the escorting vessels.

RAIDS ON KIEL AND HAMBURG

The Royal Air Force on Friday night made what was described as "a heavy and very successful attack" on the naval base at Kiel.

Aided by brilliant moonlight, the 'planes carried out sustained and accurate bombing of the docks and shipyards and enormous fires were left burning, says the Press Association.

Farther south, in less favourable weather, targets in Hamburg and elsewhere were attacked. Four British aircraft are missing.

ATTACKS ON BRITAIN

Occupants of garden shelters were dug out uninjured, to find themselves on the edge of a crater, after a low-flying raider had bombed an east coast town on Saturday night.

The crater was caused by a bomb which killed six people in two shelters.

A warden said that the raider fired long machine-gun bursts as it swooped to drop its bombs.

Five people, including a V.A.D. nurse, were killed in a north-east of Scotland coast town. A first-aid post was demolished, but only one of the voluntary workers on duty was killed.

An official *communiqué* stated that during the early part of the night enemy aircraft were over the coastal areas of East Anglia and East Scotland, but few penetrated far inland. It reported bombs at scattered points.

GERMAN CLAIMS

Yesterday's German High Command *communiqué* says:—

"The action of the *Luftwaffe* against British shipping resulted in fresh large successes. Bombers sank during the day a 6,000 ton freighter east of the Faroe Islands, and during last night merchant ships totalling 23,000 tons out of a convoy off the British south-east coast.

"East of Great Yarmouth a large freighter was hit and set on fire.

"During the air attack on the roadstead of Suez on the night of August 8th bombers sank an 8,000 ton merchant ship and damaged a British light cruiser by bomb hits.

"Last night further air attacks were directed against harbours on the Scottish coast and against military installations in the County of Leicester.

"The British Air Force lost 16 'planes in air combat over the Channel coast yesterday, and three were brought down by anti-aircraft guns.

"One of our 'planes was lost.

"The enemy did not fly over German territory during the day or night."—(Reuter.)

According to an Associated Press telegram, the German radio claimed that six Royal Air Force fighters and two bombers were shot down during an attack by the Royal Air Force on the French coast yesterday, and asserted that no losses were suffered by the Germans

HEINKEL SHOT DOWN BY MINESWEEPER

A British Admiralty communiqué yesterday stated:—

"A Heinkel III. was shot down into the sea last night by anti-aircraft gunfire from a group of our minesweepers. No damage or casualties were suffered by our ships."

CZECHS TO FIGHT FOR RUSSIA

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, Sunday.

At least a full brigade of Czechoslovakian troops is being formed in Russia. The men will fight under their own officers, but within the Supreme Command of the U.S.S.R., Mr. Jan Masaryk, the Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, said to-day.

Gibraltar, Saturday.—Sir Samuel Hoare, British Ambassador to Spain, arrived here to-night from Madrid.—(Reuter.)

A section of the large gathering viewing the runners in the Phœnix Plate in the parade ring.

TROOPS MASSING IN FAR EAST

"Peace or War is for Japan to Decide"

THE week-end brought no relaxation of tension in the Pacific. As Japan continued to mass troops and warships at her newly-acquired bases in Indo-China, Mr. Menzies, the Australian Premier, last night cancelled the remainder of his tour of Australia to attend a special meeting of the Cabinet to-day.

Mr. Menzies said that "developments, which brooked no delay," demanded his immediate return.

United States cruisers visiting the Commonwealth sailed from Brisbane for an undisclosed destination.

Mr. W. M. Hughes, the Attorney-General and Navy Minister, indicated that there has been a deterioration in the situation, but "it is none of our doing," he said. "Whether there is to be peace or war is for Japan to decide."

Latest reports from Saigon refer to the construction of large-scale fortifications at Cap Saint Jacques, fifty miles south-east of Saigon. According to Bangkok newspapers, Japanese officers have landed at the North Indo-Chinese frontier aerodrome of Vientianne, to speed-up the construction of the air base there.

Observers in Shanghai believe that the many recent visits of Prince Konoye to the Emperor foreshadow a decision of major importance.

TROOPS ON BORDER

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

TOKYO, Sunday.

The Domei Agency issued the following report from Bangkok to-day:—"Reliable sources have disclosed that Britain has already closed the motor highway between Thai and Malaya, while heavy fortifications have been established fifteen to twenty miles behind the boundary. Trains crossing the border are required to draw their curtains.

"It is also disclosed that more than 10,000 Chungking troops are stationed on the Burma border, and work is going on to expand the facilities of Rangoon airport. Meanwhile it is reported that one hundred United States 'planes have arrived at Singapore and are being assembled at the Ford assembly plant, while Australian troops who landed in Burma are being rushed to the border."

DUTCH ADVISED TO LEAVE SHANGHAI?

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, Sunday.

A Japanese broadcast heard by the National Broadcasting Company here to-day alleged that the Netherlands Consul-General at Shanghai had requested all Netherlanders to leave without delay.

The Swiss Minister in Tokyo, who is handling Netherlands interests, had issued a similar request to Netherlanders in Japan, the Tokyo broadcaster stated.

"JAPAN TO BLAME"

SYDNEY, Sunday.

Sir Frederick Stewart, Australian Minister for External Affairs, said here to-day: "By using the cry of 'encirclement' Japan sought to justify the taking over of bases in French Indo-China, and was adopting the same pretext to cover the plans she undoubtedly had for an extension of her influence in Thailand. She must know that the only encirclement she had to fear was a combination of countries feeling themselves threatened by Japanese aggression."

The responsibility for raising such a combination was Japan's alone, the Minister added. She knew that a move into Thailand, threatening Burma, Malaya and the Dutch East Indies, would necessarily be regarded as a grave direct menace to British and United States interests, entailing serious consequences.

JAPAN TO DECIDE

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

SYDNEY, Sunday.

Mr. W. M. Hughes, Australian Attorney-General and Navy Minister, said here to-day: "Whether there is to be peace or war in the Pacific is for Japan to decide. The situation has deteriorated, but it is none of our doing. We want peace, but are inflexibly resolved to defend our interests, which march side by side with those of Britain. Japan's reported massing of great land forces and the movement of naval vessels are no harbingers of peace. The difference between us and Japan is that we say clearly where we stand."

AMERICAN "FETTERS"

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

STOCKHOLM, Sunday.

"Peace in the Far East hangs by a thin thread," declares the *Frankfurter Zeitung*, according to *Svenska Dagbladet's* Berlin Correspondent. "The Tripartite Pact, in the main, has been hitherto the deterrent to Churchill and Roosevelt from cutting that thread," it adds. The newspaper asserts that "Japan's aim is to seek to break the fetters which America is trying to forge round the Japanese nation."

SITUATION BETTER

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BANGKOK, Sunday.

The general impression prevailed here to-night that the atmosphere was definitely better, following intense diplomatic activity throughout the day, in which the U.S. Minister, Mr. Hugh Grant, figured, and which reached its climax in an extraordinary Cabinet meeting.

THE EAST MOVE WILL MEAN WAR

"A B C" POWERS READY

"TIMES" TELEGRAM.

HONG KONG, Sunday.

Amid the dangers and complexities of the situation, it is felt that one thing at least is clear—Japan's action in French Indo-China has taken up the last of the slack. The tension, in other words, is so taut now that any move against Thailand, Burma, Singapore, or the Netherlands East Indies is almost certain to result in war in the Pacific. Deceived by her success in Indo-China, Japan might try to gain her ends in Thailand by menaces rather than by invasion, but the result would be the same for the "A B C" Powers—a threat to Burma, Singapore, the Netherlands East Indies, and the Philippines, which they could neither ignore nor tolerate. If menaces failed, Japan might resort to force. After the warnings from London and Washington, nobody here doubts that this would mean armed counter-action by Great Britain, the Netherlands Indies, and China, with the full support of the United States.

According to the latest estimates, Japan has 50,000 troops in Indo-China—40,000 in the south and 10,000 in the north. This is sufficient for an attack on Thailand, if the victim could count on no outside help. What is true of Thailand is true of Siberia. Here again she must reckon not only with Russia, but also with Russia's allies and friends in the present conflict. Although she has undoubtedly mobilised for action in the north as well as in the south, and she is making feverish efforts to organise the nation's resources, Japan has not yet called up her full manpower. When all the portents are weighed up two cardinal facts emerge. Japan's immutable policy has brought her to the brink of war, and the other Pacific Powers are ready, if forced, to resist further aggressive action against their vital interest.—(Copyright, per Press Association.)

JAPANESE RAID THREE TOWNS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

TOKYO, Sunday.

Japanese bombers carried out what are described as successful raids to-day on Santowping, six miles north-west of Ichang, in Honan Province, and Lotieuki, about 20 miles north-west of Ichang. Tons of bombs were rained on military objectives in both places and severe damage was done. Tungheow, in Shensi Province, was raided by another formation of 'planes.

Japanese aircraft this afternoon raided and destroyed an important Chinese munitions factory situated north-west of Kunming, according to another Tokyo announcement. A report to the Domei Agency says that, despite severe anti-aircraft fire, the 'planes bombed the factory at will, and returned safely to their base.

BORDER COMMISSION TO MEET

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

SAIGON, Sunday.

The eleven Japanese members of the Thailand-Indo-China border commission, on their way from Bangkok to Saigon, are, according to semi-official Japanese reports, due here to-morrow. The first meeting of the border commission is scheduled for August 14.

CATTLE DISEASE IN THREE COUNTIES

There were four outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease over the week-end—one at Ballintaggart, Ballingarry, County Tipperary; one at Tomard Lower, Leighlinbridge, County Carlow; one at Coan West, Castlecomer, County Kilkenny, and one at Kellymount, Pauls town, County Kilkenny.

R.A.F. BOMB MANY TOWNS

GREECE, SICILY AND AFRICA RAIDED

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, Sunday.

A *COMMUNIQUE* issued from Headquarters, R.A.F., Middle East, to-day, states:—

"Libya.—During the night of August 9 our bombers attacked several enemy targets in North Africa. Three large fires, which were accompanied by violent explosions and flying debris, were started at Tripoli, where the dock area was raided. Fires, which were in the neighbourhood of the power house, were visible for a considerable distance from the target.

"Bardia was attacked by a Royal Air Force bomber formation and also by aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm. The Blenheims obtained hits in a motor transport yard, causing explosions and a number of fires. Aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm made a series of dive attacks and started a number of fires. Heavy bombers also attacked the port at Benghazi, where explosions were seen on railway sidings, and the port of Derna, where fires followed the attack.

'PLANES DESTROYED?

"Greece.—Heavy bombers attacked an aerodrome at Eleusis, starting a fire, and are believed to have destroyed a number of aircraft.

"Sicily.—Bombs were dropped on the harbour at Catania on August 8. One 2,000-ton motor vessel at the quayside was damaged by bombs, which fell on and near it. From all these operations our aircraft returned safely."

The following *communiqué* was issued to-day from G.H.Q., Cairo:—

"Libya.—Our patrols yesterday, outside Tobruk and in the frontier area, continued their aggressive activities, but no important contact with the enemy was made."

ITALIAN REPORT

To-day's Italian High Command communiqué states:—

"In North Africa artillery activity on the Tobruk and Sollum fronts. Units of our Air Force bombed port installations at Mersa Matruh and ships at anchor, causing fires. Other units attacked enemy ships east of Sidi Barrani. The enemy carried out air raids on Benghazi, Derna and Bardia. In East Africa the British Air Force made repeated attacks on the fortress of Gondar (Abyssinia). In Greece a few British 'planes bombed the town of Corinth. In the central Mediterranean one of our torpedo boats, commanded by Captain Carlo di Lowemberg, in co-operation with naval reconnaissance 'planes, sank an enemy submarine."

COMMUNITY KITCHENS—II.
See Page 5.

A NEW LEAGUE OF NATIONS

MR. CUDAHY'S SUGGESTION

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

MILWAUKEE, Sunday.

President Roosevelt was urged to propose a peace programme, based on a new association of nations with the power to enforce its decrees, in a radio address to-day by Mr. John Cudahy, former United States Ambassador to Belgium, and one time United States Minister in Dublin. "Behind this new world movement," said Mr. Cudahy, "let us place the sanction of all moral prestige and the force of America .... If we enter the war without making this effort, the American people will be more confused and disunited than they are to-day."

LIBERTY FOR INDIA

LONDON CONFERENCE DEMAND

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

LONDON, Sunday.

A demand for freedom and national independence for India was made at a National Delegate Conference called by the India League at London to-day. Mr. W. Dobbie, M.P., who presided, said that most members of the Commons had hoped that a statement by the Secretary for India would have proclaimed the Government's intention to take a bold step in the matter of Indian freedom. It was, however, only an expression of pious opinion.

The statement that "it was a matter of general acceptance that India should, as soon as practicable, attain Dominion status," might have arrested the attention of the Indian people if a definite time and date for the new status had been fixed. The presence of the Soviet Union in the struggle should give an impetus to the movement for complete independence for India.

Mr. Dobbie said that they demanded the immediate release of political prisoners in India, and the right of free assembly. They said to the Government and people of Britain:—"Trust the Indian population. Release the prisoners, and make a declaration for freedom and independence for India, not because of the war, but on the basis of international justice."

Mr. Sorensen, M.P., said that no attempt had been made to meet the demand of India for representative responsibility or interim preparation for real self-government. So long as this continued there must be deadlock.

A report on India and the war stated that a clear declaration was sought from the British Government of its war aims, and whether the liberty said to be at issue included liberty for India.

BRITISH DESTROYER SUNK

An official British Admiralty *communiqué* last night stated:—

"The Board of Admiralty regrets to announce that the destroyer, H.M.S. Defender (Lieutenant-Commander G. L. Farnfield, R.N.), has been sunk. There was no loss of life in H.M.S. Defender."

The Defender (1,375 tons) had a normal complement of 145. Completed in 1932, she carried four 4.7 inch and six smaller guns and eight torpedo tubes.

Sir Esmond Ovey, British Ambassador to Argentina, was present at the unveiling of a plaque naming a Buenos Aires street, "Calle Roberto Cunninghame Graham," in memory of the well-known British traveller and writer, who died here in 1936.—(Reuter.)

U.S. MAY BREAK WITH FRANCE

Darlan Said To Favour Pact With Germany

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

VICHY, Sunday.

THE tense atmosphere which surrounded Marshal Pétain's talks with Admiral Darlan and General Weygand yesterday eased considerably to-day, says the Vichy News Agency. Talks between the principal Ministers prior to to-morrow's Cabinet meeting took place, but the utmost discretion is still being observed concerning the subjects discussed. The scope, it is understood, includes the whole question of both internal and foreign policy.

Reports from Washington state that the U.S. may break off diplomatic relations with France if Germany is granted strategic bases on the French African coast.

Count de Brinon, French delegate to the occupation authorities, said that France had decided to accept the German version of the new world order.

TO JOIN THE AXIS?

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

STOCKHOLM, Sunday.

Berlin political circles, according to *Social Demokraten's* correspondent, express the belief that the Vichy discussions concern not only the political relations of France with the Axis, but a certain degree of military collaboration, including the defence of colonial possessions with German help. Admiral Darlan is willing, but Marshal Pétain is hesitant, it is believed in Berlin, while General Weygand is regarded as probably sharing the Marshal's views. Admiral Darlan, it is further suggested, realises that such an agreement means rupture with the United States, but is willing to take the consequences. Berlin believes that Vichy's next step will be to join the Tripartite Pact, following the definite replacement of the armistice conditions by peace.

ACCEPTS NEW ORDER

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VICHY, Sunday.

Count Fernand de Brinon, French Delegate-General to the occupation authorities, in an interview in Paris, made public here, said that France had decided to accept the German version of the new world order as opposed to the British and American version. It was up to France to decide on collaboration, he said. It was no affair of Messieurs Roosevelt and Welles.

Count de Brinon's statement came shortly after the news that a Cabinet meeting, called for yesterday afternoon to consider Empire defence, was postponed in order, it was said, to enable further discussion to take place between Marshal Pétain, Admiral Darlan and General Weygand. Others thought that the postponement was in connection with the "delicate Franco-American situation."

The immediate release of General Dentz and 35 French officers detained in Syria by the British has been demanded by the Administration, it was reported here.

M. BONNET IN VICHY

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

VICHY, Sunday.

M. Bonnet, former French Foreign Minister, has arrived in Vichy, German radio reported to-night. "M. Bonnet," the announcer added, "has always pressed the French Chief of State, Marshal Pétain, to collaborate with Germany."

U.S. MAY BREAK WITH FRANCE

WASHINGTON, *Sunday.*

A break in diplomatic relations with the French Government was reported here to-day to be likely if evidence that decisions on defending the French Empire would mean Germany's gaining full use of strategic Atlantic bases on the French-African coast.

Whether American reaction would halt there no official would say, but it was indicated that the whole question of Western Hemisphere interest in French possessions was under intensive study in Washington in the light of developments in Vichy. From these it appeared that there was slight hope that United States diplomacy might yet forestall French capitulation to German demands for a share in defending French areas which have often been declared by American officials to contain potential threats to the security of the Western Hemisphere.

President Roosevelt was believed to be giving close attention to the French problem while cruising aboard the Potomac in the North Atlantic. The matter also was thought to be under active discussion with Britain.

FRANCO-GERMAN COLLABORATION

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ZURICH, Sunday.

Semi-official circles in Berlin, according to the Berlin Correspondent of the *Journal de Geneve*, are stressing that Rome's claims against France are subordinated to the policy of Franco-German collaboration. This, says the correspondent, is by way of comment on an article in the Rome *Tevere*, threatening the organisation of a "new Europe" without France. The Italians, it is added in the Berlin comment, are having difficulties enough in Croatia and Greece.

The Vichy Correspondent of the Swiss *Democrate* says that until now General Weygand has refused to ratify Admiral Darlan's policy regarding "Franco-German military collaboration in North Africa. The French public," he adds, "is greatly preoccupied with the loss of American friendship due to the surrender of Indo-China."

U.S. STRIKE SLOWS 'PLANE OUTPUT

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, Sunday.

A serious interruption in the supply of propellors for British and U.S. war 'planes was threatened to-day, as the strike at the Curtiss Wright propellor works at Caldwell, New Jersey, entered upon its third day. Company officials said that the continuation of the strike would seriously affect the ability of aircraft factories throughout the United States to get completed 'planes into the air.

Curtiss Wright Corporation are manufacturers of propellors for numerous aircraft factories and for nearly all types of fighter 'planes. The New York *Herald Tribune* to-day said that the strike at the Kearny shipyard threatened to spread to over a dozen shipyards, and halt work on 75 per cent. of the United States warships and merchantmen.

A SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CAPE TOWN, Sunday.

Speaking at Nylstroom, in the Transvaal, Dr. Malan, Opposition leader, said:—"The republic we are striving for must not be National-Socialist. We have no objection to the fact that Germany chose National-Socialism; we simply say that the National-Socialist system is foreign to South Africa—it is a compulsory one-party system, which lays down a policy from which nobody may differ."

Dr. Malan said that the foundation of their republic must be Christian Nationalism, which must stand for a white South Africa.

Mr. Oswald Pirow, the Opposition front-bencher, speaking at Johannesburg yesterday, declared that National-Socialism was necessary in South Africa. He denied that the Nationalist Party Congress had condemned his "new order" policy or forbidden him to preach it.

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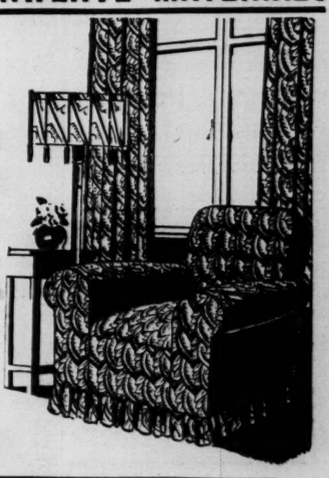

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BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Announcements in this Column (which in all cases must be authenticated) are charged at the rate of 1/- per line (minimum 3/-).

Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (15 Cook Street)—1506; Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (59 Fleet Street)—Central 4550.

BIRTHS.

AHERNE—August 2, 1941, at Mohill, to Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Aherne, a daughter.

BELL—August 7, 1941, at 15 Hatch street, to Marjorie, wife of H. Ernest Bell, a son.

FitzGERALD—August 5, 1941, The Barn, Smallfield, Nr. Horley, Mrs. Maurice Southwell FitzGerald, of a daughter.

MORRIS—August 6, 1941, at Hatch Street Nursing Home, Dublin, to May, wife of Captain J. P. Morris, M.P., 9 Oakhill avenue, Hampstead, London, a son.

WOLFF—July 30, 1941, at Nairobi, Kenya, to Helen (nee McCracken), wife of J. A. H. Wolff, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BLENNERHASSETT and DODD—On Tuesday, August 5, 1941, at Saint Bartholomew's Church, Dublin, Pilot Officer Brian Blennerhassett, R.A.F., V.R., to Barbara Dodd.

WINSLOW and GEORGE—August 7, 1941, at St. John's, Ballymore, by the Very Rev. Dean of Raphoe, assisted by Rev. B. T. Humphries, B.A.; Frederick Blaney Winslow, son of Mr. and Mrs. Winslow, Minnamurra, Enniskillen, to Brigid Frances Maud, second daughter of Captain and Mrs. R. Westropp George, of Sessiagh Lodge, Dunfanaghy.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

FOGERTY and CULLINAN—August 11, 1891, at Drumcliffe Parish Church, Ennis, by the Very Revd. the Dean of Killaloe, assisted by the Revd. J. H. Griffith, D.D., Rector; William Fogerty, of Westbourne, Limerick, younger son of the late William Fogerty, F.R.I.B.A., of Dublin, to Emily Georgina, youngest daughter of John Cullinan, of Bindon street, Ennis.

DEATHS.

CRONIN—August 7, 1941, William S. Cronin, 32 Palace View, Western road, Cork (late of E. Ryan and Co., Ltd.). Deeply mourned. R.I.P. Funeral took place yesterday to St. Joseph's Cemetery.

DUNCAN—August 10, 1941, at 7 p Dublin hospital, Christina Duncan, of 15 Charleston road, Dublin, widow of the late William D. Duncan. Requiescat in pace. Funeral private. No flowers.

EDGEWORTH—August 9, 1941, William Albert Edgeworth, at his residence, Ballyconnell House, Ballyconnell, Co. Cavan. Funeral to-day (Monday) at 2 p.m.

GREENHAN—August 8, 1941, at Abbeyleix Hospital, John Greenhan, Derrygarron, Maryboro'. Funeral to-day (Monday), leaving Abbeyleix Hospital at 2 p.m. (summer time) for Coolbanagher Graveyard.

HAUGHTON—June 6, 1941, at Melbourne, Australia, William Henry Haughton, late of 70 Ninth Circular Road, Dublin.

JOHNSTON—August 9, 1941, Geraldine (nee Wadding), beloved wife of Albert Johnston, 11 Upper Hollybank avenue, Dublin. R.I.P. Funeral from Church of Holy Name, Beechwood avenue, to-morrow (Tuesday), after 10 a.m. Mass, to Glasnevin.

LAWLER—August 10, 1941, James J. Lawler, at 41 South Circular road, Kilmainham, Dublin. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Compassionate Jesus, have mercy upon his soul.

McKENNA—August 10, 1941, at her residence, 1 The Depôt, Dun Laoghaire, Margaret, relict of Edward McKenna (late Irish Lights). Deeply regretted by her niece, Elizabeth Moylan; relatives and friends. Remains removed to St. Michael's Church, to-day (Monday), 6 p.m. Funeral after 10 o'clock Mass, to-morrow (Tuesday) to Dean's Grange. R.I.P.

O'BRIEN—August 10, 1941, at his residence, Jervis place, Clonmel, Richard Rice O'Brien, M.D., aged 94. Funeral arrangements later.

OLDEN—August 10, 1941, at 16 Greenwood Park, Jessie Gray (of 14 Ormond Park, Finaghy), younger daughter of the late A. W. Olden, Dublin.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 4.

IN MEMORIAM.

FARRELL—In ever-loving memory of Violet Matilda Farrell, who died at Belmullet, August 10, 1925.

KEMP—In ever-loving remembrance of John James Kemp, of 10 Moyne road, Rathmines, who passed away, 11th August, 1938.
"With Christ, which is far better."

McKEEVER—In ever-loving memory of mother and father, who passed away August 11th, 1938, and December 4th, 1937.—Molly.

MEARES—In ever-loving memory of George W. Meares, died, August 11th, 1930.

PARRY—In loving memory of our dear son, Joe, called Home, 11th August, 1938. "Thy will be done." Ever remembered by father and mother.

TATLOW—In loving memory of dear mother, Mrs. Lilian Tatlow, who died on 9th August, 1939.—Inserted by Tony and Renee.

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GUESTS welcome as usual by Proprietor, The Castle, Castle Townshend, Skibbereen, Co. Cork; private beach, tennis, boating. 8 D

PIERHEAD Hotel, Mullaghmore, Co. Sligo, overlooking harbour and strand; good fishing and boating; excellent cuisine; moderate terms; licensed. Address "Z 506, Hotel," this office. 9 D

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WILLIAM ST., LIMERICK.

ADVERTISEMENTS CAN BE HANDED IN FOR INSERTION IN NEXT DAY'S ISSUE UNTIL 3.30 P.M. DAILY.

MISCELLANEOUS

WILLIAM HOGG, late of Pintragh, Shrewsbury Road, Ballsbridge, Co. Dublin, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 30th July, 1941, are requested to send full particulars of same in writing to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors.

WHITE & MEARES, Solicitors, 41 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Dated this 9th day of August, 1941.

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ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER.

THE Irish Red Cross Society desires to inform applicants that the position of Accountant-Bookkeeper advertised on 19th July has now been filled.

ST. Columba's College, Rathfarnham.—Outfits supplied in the correct wear at keenest prices and under personal supervision.—E. & W. Seale, 27 Westmoreland St., Dublin.

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THE UNITED IRISH LEASEHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION—NOTICE.

The Council of above, at its Quarterly Meeting on the 26th July, 1941, at Jury's Hotel, directed:—That all Collectors of the Association, before accepting subscriptions from Members shall produce Authorisation Certificate, signed by Executive Officers, as under, for inspection by subscribing members: A. T. Walsh (Chairman), J. J. Byrnes (Hon. Treas.), E. J. Curran (Hon. Sec.), 30 Green road, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

Great Care is taken that Advertisements published in this Paper appear correctly, but no liability is taken for any ERROR in or Omission of any Advertisement. The Proprietors Reserve the Right to Omit or Alter any Advertisement, no matter where or by whom accepted.

All Advertisements accepted must be endorsed with the name and address of advertiser. These are not for publication.

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Box Office Address counts as 3 words if replies are to be called for at Head Office; or if they are to be sent by post or called for at any Branch Office as 4 words. Postage on replies extra.

Advertisements, not prepaid, one shilling per line; minimum 3/- per insertion.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, Lady's Handbag. Left in train at Tara Street Station, 7th August, 6 p.m. Reward.—Miss Lohausen, Lismore, Dalkey.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT CHEF required for First-class Seaside Hotel; also COOK. Wages, £8 and £4. Also WAITER.

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COMPANION HELP WANTED, nice refined person (Protestant) to help light housework; also help shop if necessary and drive car; good home, small salary; age 35 to 40. Address "Z 510, Help," this office.

HOTEL city, REQUIRES experienced young HOUSEKEEPER; good needlewoman; send copies.—C 1910, this office.

LADY HELP REQUIRED for country; maids kept; age about thirty; Protestant; superior country girl, who can ride preferred; salary £52 per annum; good home. Address "Z 525, Help," this office. 9 C

METHODIST Female Orphan School, 18 Northbrook road, REQUIRE ASSISTANT MATRON; apply to S. S. Thompson, Rockview, Harty road, Dublin, Hon. Secretary. 8 B

SHORTHAND TYPIST REQUIRED, efficient and experienced; applications giving full details of experience, age and salary expected only considered.—C 1997, this office. 2 A

THE Other War. China is in the news—The "Irish Times" Map of the Far East (originally 6d., now reduced to 3d.; post 2d.).—Publications Department, "Irish Times," 31 Westmoreland street, Dublin.

WANTED, reliable DRIVER-MECHANIC; married man preferred; only very reliable man considered. Address "Z 491, Mechanic," this office. 7 A

WANTED (1) LADY COOK; (2) ASSISTANT MATRON, September; small Protestant Boarding School. Address "Z 484, Cook," this office. 8 A

WANTED, experienced Lady (Protestant) to take charge of Mantle and Millinery Departments in South-Eastern town, state salary (outdoor) expected. Address "Z 600, Lady," this office. 8 B

WAITRESS or PARLOURMAID for Private Mansion Hotel, one from good private service might suit; state age and experience.—Alexandra Court, Alexandra Drive, Sefton Park, Liverpool. 17.

WANTED MOTHER'S HELP, Protestant preferred, fond of children, willing to do housework; like as family. Reply, stating age, wage, D 58, this office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

COMPANION or Lady Help (C.) requires post where maid kept. Address "Z 526, Lady," this office. 9 B

DO You Know Your Russian Place-Names? Map of the Russo-German Frontier, together with most of Northern Europe as it was in the last war. Reduced to 3d. (post 4d.).—Publications Department, "Irish Times," 31 Westmoreland street, Dublin.

EDUCATED Lady, good appearance and address, desires position, Companion or Companion Help, light house duties, knitter; kind disposition; 30 years; Dublin preferred. Address "Z 509, Help," this office.

FARMER'S Daughter, 18, R.C., technical training, Irish, needlework, desires post as Companion Help or Nursemaid; Dublin preferred; P.P. and teacher's references.—D 67, this office.

GARDENER, Working, married, R.C., requires situation; experienced fruits, flowers, vegetables.—Address "Z 507, Gardener," this office.

GARDENER, thoroughly experienced all branches; single; excellent references. Address "Z 508, Gardener," this office. 10 B

HERD Steward seeks situation, thorough knowledge of farming, machinery, etc.—Armstrong, Movahiffe, Thurles, Co. Tipperary. 7 B

HOUSEKEEPER disengaged; excellent references; city or country; interview arranged any time. Address "Z 499, Housekeeper," this office. 8 B

LADY recommends Married Couple: Herd, General Man understands bloodstock, good feeder; Wife, Dairy and Poultry; children (2) aged 13, excellent references. Apply particulars, Mrs. Ruth, Callinafarcy, Milltown, Co. Kerry. 7 B

LADY wants position as Companion Help.—D 63, this office.

LADIES' Hairdresser, 12 months' experience, good perm waver, setter; excellent reference; indoor. Address "Z 480, Hairdresser," this office. 8 A

SECRETARY—Lady, fully qualified; shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping Honours; Private Secretaryship preferred; capable working on own initiative, would combine running of house, etc. Address "Z 487, Secretary," this office. 8 B

SHORTHAND-TYPIST, 55/110, with good knowledge of bookkeeping and all secretarial work.—D 55, this office.

WANTED, a position as Steward; I.C.; understands all farm management; cash security; best references. Address "Z 502, Steward," this office. 9 B

YOUNG Lady (C.I.) domestic science, London, seeks post, Companion Chauffeuse, near Dublin; excellent testimonials. Address "Z 459, Lady," this office.

YOUNG Man, 26, seeks position, Storeman, Shop Assistant or similar employment; security arranged if necessary; finest references.—D 65, this office. 9 F

THE SEARCH FOR AN ALLIED OFFENSIVE

COMPLETE OCCUPATION OF LIBYA

(BY OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

SOME time ago the opinion was expressed that "the United States is worried about the apparent inability of Britain to undertake a major offensive." The statement was made at the beginning of the Russian campaign, and it has lost none of its point since. In this contest it must be understood that what should be meant is not a mere diversion of a defensive kind, though this is by no means clear. Thus, we are told from New York on last Thursday that "an expedition somewhere to the north, possibly with Russian collaboration, is regarded as both practical and logical." It might be all that; but, unless it had a fair prospect of driving the Germans out of Norway, it would have small influence on the course of the war.

A REAL OFFENSIVE

What the Allies require is not a mere parrying of the German thrusts, but a genuine riposte forced home. The Russian fighting might be made the occasion for such—provided the necessary material means exist in sufficient quantity. This is something that the locker on cannot know very much about. At all events, a real "offensive return" should be able to start off with an important tactical success, and should retain momentum long enough to gain serious strategical advantages before coming to a halt. In a minor way the campaigns in Abyssinia, Irak and Syria achieved this for the Allies. They constituted net gains, which appreciably improved the general situation at reasonable cost. They were the best that was possible at the time. Now, however, that Germany is engaged *à fond* in Russia, it would seem incumbent on the Allies to go one better.

REMARKABLE

Such being the case, it is hard to understand Mr. Churchill's recent words: "The invasion season is at hand." In an offensive sense, this further statement would be more understandable—"All the armed forces have been warned to be at concert pitch by September 1." And the British Prime Minister's statement is merely the most remarkable of several to the same purport. It is curious how the British harp so much on the danger of being attacked—here, there, or elsewhere. The phenomenon is curious, because, on the defensive, they almost invariably operate not merely with stubbornness, but with aptitude and skill. In view of this they could afford to study offensive warfare somewhat more thoroughly.

DEFENSIVE COMPLEX

The latest illustration of this defensive complex is Thailand-Singapore. Granted, it is "both practical and logical" to ensure that Singapore is adequately garrisoned—as also to send some ships there, even battleships now that they can be spared. But there would certainly be no sense in sending armoured fighting vehicles into the Malayan jungles to deal with Japanese trying to debouch along the Isthmus of Krah! Looking at the matter from the British standpoint, the obvious course would seem to be to leave the Far East—*i.e.*, the main effort there—to the U.S.A. That Power—in Guam and the Philippines—is at least as immediately menaced as Britain—except for Hong Kong. After all, unaided China has managed to stand off a one-time fresh Japan for four years. Singapore, as yet, is safe enough.

The most outspoken—as also one of the most instructive—book on the World War was General Hoffmann's "War of Lost Opportunities." Discussing his Command's strategic plans for 1916, he says:—"If it were impossible to deal a decisive blow on the chief front I would have transferred the operations to Italy, the secondary theatre of war, but I would have made an attack there on a grand scale.' *Mutatis mutandis*, this might be taken as a text by the Allies at the present time. As matters appear to be turning out at present, the probability is that Russia will continue to absorb the greater part of Germany's men and material for an appreciable time to come. Evidently such a condition of things presents a golden opportunity for a really important success over the other Axis partner.

A success of the importance indicated can only be achieved by combined action of all available forces—land, sea and air. Such an offensive would require to be set in motion simultaneously from Egypt, Malta and Gibraltar, with the added help of long-range, heavy air-bombing from Britain itself.

A MAJOR THEATRE

It is not suggested that a comprehensive operation of this kind is an easy job. It is, however, very much easier than such projects as landings on the Continent—or, at least, on any portion of the Continent that would be worth while. There have been plenty of indications that the importance of the Italian project has not been overlooked by either side. One such was the aero-naval raid by Gibraltar forces on Sardinia last week. On the other side of the scale is the marked increase in German aerial attack against the Suez Canal: the Red Sea shipping route is now in full working order. So, too, apparently, are the new German aerodromes in Crete. The canal zone is probably a much easier target as yet than Alexandria, despite the fact that it is more than 100 miles further away from the German bases. The bombing of the Georgic—a great liner-troopship—is a proof of the fact that this is still a major theatre.

ITALIAN AID

It seems to be the case that the value of Italian aid to Germany has been consistently under-estimated. Otherwise it is hard to understand why Italian interests have not been more systematically attacked. It should have been a steady British aim all this year sooner or later to occupy all Libya. Once German reinforcements had gone there this became much more important still. Here there was at least a land front in being, which it was altogether easier to develop than to open a fresh one—or to re-open a former one.

The complete occupation of Libya sets a large and seasoned army completely free, except for garrison duties of a minor sort; it exactly halves the task of the Allied fleets in the Middle Sea, because the eastern half automatically loses much of its difficulties; it instals aerodromes squarely in front of Sicily, and completely relieves hard-pressed Malta. Indirectly, it effectively covers the Russian southern flank. This is so because it prevents any move of the Italian Fleet into the Black Sea, which otherwise will certainly be made as the only way to turn the naval scales against Russia. Moreover, all this is done while still holding the operative forces available for subsequent employment.

Mr. Joseph A. Scannell, son of the late Mr. W. A. Scannell and of Mrs. Scannell, Sydney parade, and Miss Patricia Devoto, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Devoto, also of Sydney parade, after their wedding at the Chapel of Ease, Merrion road.

THEATRE WORLD READY

SHELTERS AND A.R.P. PERSONNEL

The entire male staffs of every cinema and theatre in Dublin have received a thorough A.R.P. course, and usherettes have been trained in first-aid work, an *Irish Times* reporter learned yesterday. The course, which took place in the Regal Rooms Cinema, and lasted for a fortnight, was divided into two sections, one for managers and their deputies, and the other for the remainder of the staffs.

Staffs were taught how to put out all types of fires peculiar to a cinema, and in at least one Dublin cinema extremely successful dress rehearsals were held.

In the event of a raid a notice will be flashed on the screen asking people either to leave the cinema and go to a shelter, or to remain seated throughout the show. Any casualties will be dealt with by the usherettes, while the male members of the staff will deal with any other emergency.

Mr. Joseph Gilligan, manager of the Corinthian, said that all cinemas and theatres would in time be converted into wardens' posts. "We were told to buy all our own equipment, which includes hosing, steel helmets, gas masks, and stirrups, but this matter has been taken up with the Minister for Defence," he said.

Almost all the leading hotels have extensive shelters, equipped with seating accommodation, first-aid kit and other necessaries. In many cases the staffs have been trained in A.R.P. work, and some of the managers are wardens.

The Shelbourne Hotel shelter will accommodate approximately two hundred people, who will be looked after by a shelter warden and members of the staff who are versed in A.R.P. A similar shelter is in course of construction in the Royal Hibernian Hotel, while the Salthill, an associate hotel of the Hibernian, situated in Old Dunleary, already has protection. The Four Courts Hotel has been prepared for some considerable time, having a shelter to accommodate about fifty people.

Ross's Hotel, Dun Laoghaire, concerned themselves with this matter immediately the war started, and set about strengthening three rooms, one for the staff in their own quarters and two in the guests' quarters, to accommodate about sixty people. Several of the porters have done a course in A.R.P., and the manager himself is a warden.

At one hotel it was explained to our reporter that they had no space for a shelter, unless they used the wine cellar, and even then this would necessitate the removal of all the wine.

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY

LAW NOTICES—Monday, August 11.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION. **Examiners' Chambers, at 93 Merrion Square.**

Before Mr Sullivan, at 11 o'clock—Madden (S. 4612), discharge rulings.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT

ALLEGED ROBBERY AND ASSAULT

(BEFORE MR. LENNON.)

Myles O'Neill (38), blacksmith, St. Patrick's road, Dalkey, was returned for trial on bail, charged with the robbery of £1 10s. 8 from Francis J. McGuigan, Mellifont avenue, Dun Laoghaire, and with assaulting him, at the "Cozy Bar," Dun Laoghaire, on 5th inst.

McGough's evidence was to the effect that he had just got a drink and changed a £5 note in the bar, when O'Neill, who was, he said, with another man, told him that he wanted to see him outside. When they were outside O'Neill struck him in the jaw and face, and before he lost consciousness he felt O'Neill searching his pockets. His false teeth were broken and his own teeth were loosened, and £9 16 8 was taken from his pocket.

Mr. D. Ua Donnchadha, solicitor (Chief State Solicitor's Office) prosecuted; and Mr. F. Connolly, solicitor (Mr. L. Trant McCarthy's office) appeared for O'Neill.

THEFTS FROM CITY STORES

Kathleen McGlynn (24), St. Attracta road, Cabra, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment on charges of the larceny of goods valued at £8 10/- from Messrs. Clery and Co., Arnotts and Roches Stores during the last two months; and her sister, Elizabeth (21), who was charged with illegal possession of some of the property, was put on probation for two years.

MONEY OBTAINED BY FALSE PRETENCES

Arthur Max Parker (28), no fixed address, who had pleaded guilty to six charges of obtaining money by false pretences from a number of clergymen of the Church of Ireland in Dublin, was given the benefit of the Probation Act, and directed to enter into recognisances to be of good behaviour for two years, he undertaking to go away today.

PROSPECTS IN ULSTER LINEN TRADE

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Sunday.

The Northern linen trade is anticipating early orders for aeroplane linen for the British Government and a consequent increase in activity in the industry, which has been having a bad time for some months. That May allocations of flax were given out, and much yarn then spun has not been turned into cloth. The fact that the Flax Control has now made a further allocation of fibre is taken in trade circles as an indication that the orders for aeroplane linen will now be forthcoming, and that many idle looms may be soon started.

NORTH DUBLIN SHOW

At a meeting held to make final arrangements for the North Dublin Horticultural Society's annual Show, which is to be held in the grounds of St. Patrick's Training College, Drumcondra, on Saturday next, the president (Mrs. G. O'Dowd) explained that the Council, after very full consideration of the matter, had decided to confine entries this year to classes for fruit, vegetables and certain home industries, with just one class for flowers, viz., roses. Having regard, she said, to the petrol shortage affecting country exhibitors and to all the other extraordinary circumstances of the times, this appeared to the Council to be the proper course to follow.

KEEPING THE FLAG FLYING

MR. W. E. WYLIE ON R.D.S. SHOW

The attendances at the Royal Dublin Society's Show at Ballsbridge this year were estimated at between 3,000 and 4,000 a day by Mr. W. E. Wylie, K.C., President of the Society, who discussed the event with an *Irish Times* reporter yesterday.

Mr. Wylie said that he was sure that most people were glad that the show had been held. For instance, people who had horses wanted an opportunity to show them and to enter them in competitions. If they did not get this chance, with the possibility of picking up a little prize money, they were not going to keep the animals. If that happened, the horses would not be there after the war when they would be wanted. The Society regarded it as a duty to hold the show.

The Horticultural Society also had been given the opportunity to hold their Flower Show in nice pleasant surroundings, and he felt sure that all connected with the Flower Show were glad the event took place.

The Home Industries section had been particularly successful, and very good business had been done.

Among the reasons which the Society had for the holding of a show had been a desire to keep the flag flying and to give a chance to members to meet and to see that the Royal Dublin Society was still an institution of national importance and good.

The Italian Air College at Forli is to be named after Bruno Mussolini, announces the Secretary of the Fascist Party in Rome. The Duce's country home is at Forli.—(Reuter.)

FUNERAL

MR. E. A. LEDBETTER

The funeral of Mr. Edmund Alfred Ledbetter, 35 Brighton square, Rathgar, Dublin, took place on Saturday to Mount Jerome Cemetery. Mr. Ledbetter, whose family had been connected with the jewellery business in Dublin for generations, was a Freeman of the City of Dublin. The names of members of the family are to be found on the Roll of Freemen in 1792, and probably earlier. The Service at Mount Jerome Cemetery Chapel was conducted by the Rev. A. T. McNutt, Harold's Cross, who also officiated at the graveside. The Rev. T. J. Johnston, M.A., Rector, St. Catherine's, South Circular road, and the Rev. J. R. Nelzian, B.A., Rector of Clontarf, were in attendance.

The chief mourners were:—Trayer Ledbetter (son); Harold Darling and Arthur F. Darling (step-brothers); T. Darling (nephew); George E. Ledbetter (cousin).

DISTRICT JUSTICE TO RETIRE

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CORK, Saturday.

Mr. Padraig O'Sullivan, District Justice, is due to retire shortly under the age limit. Since his appointment in 1922 he has presided over rural courts in Cork. A native of Shanballymore, Co. Cork, Mr. O'Sullivan passed his early years in journalism. He is a fluent Irish speaker.

Mr. David Frame leading in his Fair Crystal after winning the Phœnix Plate.

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"McGOUGH Himself" is the very man for your Model. Open till 7 o'clock (Wednesdays 1 o'clock). 'Phone 76894.—McHugh —myself, 38-39 Talbot street—at the Bridge. 8 A

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, INVESTMENTS, ETC.

Cash Advanced to any part of Ireland with or without Security in sums of £20 and Upwards.

The National Finance Company, Ltd., 83 Mid. Abbey Street, Dublin.

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Y. BOLAND, 68 Charlemont St., Dublin. 'Phone 51725.

CASH ADVANCED £25—£3,000, WITHOUT ANY SECURITY. NASSAU TRUST, LTD. 39 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.

CASH Advances, £25 to £5,000, with or without security.—The Dublin Finance Corporation, Ltd., 6 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 'Phone 21287. T

CASH advanced from £10 upward, with or without security.—H. Nelson and Co., Ltd., 5 Tuckey street, Cork. 10 B

WANTED, Loan of £1,500 on good property; will pay 10 per cent. interest.—C 1959, this office. 8 B

£10 AND Upwards Advanced without security.—Central Trust, Ltd., 17 Clare street, Dublin.

MEDICAL, NURSING AND APPOINTMENTS.

CHEMIST REQUIRED for Manufacturing Concern; must have thorough knowledge of inorganic chemistry; state age, experience and salary expected.—Address "Z 512, Chemist," this office. 8 B

YOUNG Nurse, mental and sick nursing experience, desires post; willing to help in house.—D 32, this office. 8 A

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

ALL Professional and University Preliminaries.—Oral and Correspondence.—McGuire's College, Northumberland Road.

DAILY Governess discharged; highest references; all subjects; fluent French.—D 12, this office. 8 B

EXPERIENCED Teacher (Froebel training) wishes start class Rathgar; children from four years; or would visit pupils.—D 8, this office. 8 A

FROEBEL trained Teacher (experienced) desires post as governess or in school; usual subjects and elementary German, Irish and piano.—D 6, this office. 8 A

KINDERGARTEN.—Experienced, qualified Mistress (Protestant), disengaged September; school or family.—873, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 7 A

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

CAN Lady recommend a thoroughly reliable, cheerful young NURSERY GOVERNESS for boy, 6, (Church of Ireland)? must be fond of very quiet country life and children.—Mrs. Travers, Timoleague House, Timoleague, County Cork. 7 A

WANTED in September for two months, Protestant SUBSTITUTE, one teacher School; please state terms. Address "Z 511, Substitute," this office.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

A—COOKS, £36-£60; Cook Generals, £40; House Parlourmaids, £30-£55.—Kennedy's, 68 Upper O'Connell street.

IRISH TIMES EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

No fees charged. Hours, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. The Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, in all capacities. 31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. 'Phone: 76555.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

CAN any lady recommend really good COOK, reliable, tru-tworthy. KITCHENMAID; electric cooker. WANTED September 1st, for Limerick.—Mulhall, Price Waterhouse, Purdon Coote, at 1 West End, Kilkee, Co. Clare. 8 B

COOK WANTED immediately for City Snack Bar; young; experienced; good appearance.—D 64, this office.

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when name is given, after the Office Number, thus "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

GENERAL SERVANTS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL; two adults, 2 children; children's nurse; good references essential.—C 1928, this office. 7 A

GENERAL for England—WANTED an intelligent young MAID with some experience, willing to improve three adults; good, modern, well-fitted house, nice suburb, well outside Manchester; please state age, experience, copy references, wages required and passport; interview Dublin.—C 1909, this office.

WANTED experienced, superior GENERAL for Glasgow; good wages, fare paid; references required. Apply, between 6 p.m. and 8 p.m., 194 Rathgar road. 10 B

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

A PROTESTANT HOUSE PARLOURMAID, unless under 20, WANTED, Northern Ireland; £55.—D 61, this office.

COUNTRY GIRL (Protestant) as HOUSE PARLOURMAID, Co. Carlow, with some training; good wages. Address "Z 501, House Parlourmaid," this office. 8 A

EXPERIENCED MAID WANTED for good family; Protestant; good wages, fare paid, stating age, experience and wages expected, to Box No. 297, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 8 A

NURSES WANTED.

NURSE WANTED for boy 2 years, do own nursemaid, able to sew and knit; country home.—Mrs. Bowen, Burt House, Burt, Co. Donegal. 10 C

SUPERIOR NURSEMAID, R.C., REQUIRED immediately, two children; state wages.—D 57, this office. 9 B

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

IRISH TIMES EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

No fees charged. Hours, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended unemployed, experienced and untrained. Required immediately. 31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. 'Phone: 76555.

COO

The Phœnix Plate

Fair Crystal Just Beats Avon Port

THE Phœnix Plate, the most valuable two years old race run in Ireland, provided one of the most thrilling finishes on record, and kept the big crowd at the Phœnix Park on Saturday afternoon in expectancy as to whether Avon Port or Fair Crystal had won until the judge's verdict was signalled on the board, to the effect that Mr. David Frame's colt had scored by a head. Although the winner's stable companion, Phelim Brady, was the better fancied, it was a very popular win, as Fair Crystal was the form horse in the race. He had previously beaten Avon Port as well as Mah Iran, who, with 8st. 13lb. in the Highclere Nursery at Newbury on Saturday, was only beaten by a narrow margin.

The race was run at a good pace, with Avon Port and Buttez-Enavant, on different sides of the course, making joint running and Fair Crystal close on their heels. Buttez-Enavant was the first beaten, and for the last furlong it was a match between the other two. Many people thought that Avon Port had won, but T. Burns, the rider of Fair Crystal, never had any doubt about his mount's success. Terrible Times was first of all given as third, but the judge quickly altered his decision and placed Miller in this position.

FATHER AND SON WIN

T. Burns, rider of Fair Crystal, earlier had been to the fore on Mr. H. G. Wellesley's The Moderator, who won the Nobber Plate in easy style from the favourite, Nighty Night, and Range Finder, Burns's son, T. P., served my quick beginning on First House, had the Naas Selling Plate won at all stages, the odds-on favourite, King Kling, who lost ground at the start, finishing second. The winner was subsequently sold to Mr. H. M. Hartigan for £290.

It was, on the whole, a disastrous day for backers, not one favourite scoring, and Isara, from the Kildangan stable, backed with the greatest confidence for the Newtown Plate, was another disappointment. Mr. Lawrence's filly being well beaten by Swift Eagle and Cedargrove. Only five runners turned out for the amateur riders' race, which was won by Jenkinstown, owned by Mr. P. J. Leonard, and ridden by Mr. P. J. Leonard, junior. At one stage Fair Karl held a commanding lead, but after a mile and a half her bolt was shot.

The North Wall Plate, the sprint handicap, which, as usual, brought proceedings to a close, was won by Mr. H. M. Hartigan's Woodside, ridden by the apprentice, T. Duffy, and was followed past the post by two other apprentice-ridden horses, Columbia and Red Strife.

Catering by T. Neary, 1 Chatham street.

5.0—**NOBBER 2-Y.O. PLATE,** £100. 5 f.

The Moderator, b. c. by His Reverence—Ruby Mac (Mr. H. G. Wellesley), 8-12 ..... T. Burns 1

Nighty Night, 8-8 ..... E. Quirke 2

Range Finder, 8-12 ..... J. Taylor 3

Also ran:—Vindsor Mystery, 8-12 (J. Moylan); Sweet Ivy, 8-8 (W. Howard); F., and M., 8-8 (A. Barrett); Elderlink, 8-8 (W. Barrett); Miss Finalist, 8-8 (John Doyle). (Winner trained by H. G. Wellesley.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. Nighty Night, 3 to 1 Windsor Mystery, 5 to 1 each THE MODERATOR and Range Finder, 6 to 1 Lucrative, 10 to 1 Val Oscar. **Tote**—Win, 10/-; places, 3/6, 2/6, 3/6. ½, head. Elderlink 4. Miss Finalist 5. F. and M. 6. Windsor Mystery 7. 60 4-5 secs.

5.30—**NAAS 2-Y.O. (S.) PLATE** £100. 5 f.

First House, b. f. by Link Boy—Early Doots (Mr. B. Kerr), 8-10 ..... T. P. Burns 1

King Kling, 9-1 ..... J. Taylor 2

Loanore, 8-8 ..... G. Wells 3

Also ran:—Theatre Royal, 8-8 (A. Wing); Fairy Fleet, 8-1 (J. Tyrrell); Claddagh, 8-8 (M. Wing); Fair Holidays, 8-1 (B. Duffy); Gough, 8-1 (N. McKnight). (Winner trained by T. P. Beary.)

Betting—2 to 1 on King Kling, 3 to 1 agst. First House, 6 to 1 Claddagh, 100 to 8 any other. **Tote**—Win, 8/-; places, 2/6, 2/6, 5/-. ½, 2l. Theatre Royal 4, Fairy Fleet 5, Fair Holidays 6, Claddagh 7. 60 secs. Winner sold to Mr. H. M. Hartigan for £290.

4.0—**NEWCOMEN 3-Y.O. PLATE,** £100. 1 m

Swift Eagle, b. f. by Werwolf—Oak Eagle (Mr. P. Valentine), 8-8 ..... W. Barrett 1

Cedargrove, 8-5 ..... T. P. Burns 2

Isara, 8-8 ..... E. M. Quirke 3

Also ran:—Gracious Smile, 8-12 (J. Taylor), Anderson, 8-12 (Joe Canty); Scarva, 8-1 (R. Hardwidge); Go To It, 8-8 (M. Hartnett); Seventh Son, 8-8 (W. Howard); Dancing Years, 8-8 (G. Wells); Cosmea, 8-8 (J. Moylan); Spanish Dance, 8-1 (E. Newman). Winner trained by S. D. Hanley.

Betting—11 to 10 agst. Isara, 4 to 1 each SWIFT EAGLE and Anderson, 6 to 1 each Cedargrove and Dancing Years, 100 to 8 any other. **Tote**—Win, 20/-; places, 5/- 5/-, 3/-. ½l, ¾l. Spanish Dance 4. Anderson 5. Dancing Years 6. 1 m. 43 4-5 secs.

4.30—**PHŒNIX 2-Y.O. PLATE,** £1,500. 5 f.

Fair Crystal, ch. c. by Fairhaven—Crystalline (Mr. D. Frame), 9-6 ..... T. Burns 1

Avon Port, b. c. by Portlaw—Avon Valley (Mr. F. S. Myerscough), 9-6 ..... J. Taylor 2

Miller, b. c. by Trigo—Aberstwyth (Mr. R. C. Dawson), 8-10 ..... J. Moylan 3

Also ran:—Honourable, 9-10 (M. Wing); First Benefit, 9-13 (W. Barrett); Terrible Times, 8-11 (T. P. Burns); Ceylon, 8-10 (W. Howard); Mount Dalton, 8-10 (A. Barrett); Thunderbolt, 8-10 (E. M. Quirke); Honoured, 8-10 (J. Ussher); Thunder, 8-10 (M. Barrett); Kilmacdunagh, 8-10 (John Doyle; Arts Ball, 8-10 (H. Holmes); Phelim Brady, 8-10 (Joe Canty). Butter Enavant, 8-6 (John Power); Kyle o' Cameron, 8-6 (R. Cartwright); China Tenleaf, 8-6 (M. Nolan); So Lovely, 8-6 (G. Wells). Winner trained by W. J. Byrne.

Betting—7 to 4 agst Buttez-Enavant, 4 to 1 each Phelim Brady and Avon Port, 6 to 1 each FAIR CRYSTAL, Thunderbolt, and Honourable; 8 to 1 Terrible Times, 20 to 1 any other. **Tote**—Win, 20/-; places, 6/-, 4/6, 17/-.

Head; 1l. China Tenleaf 4. First Benefit 5. So Lovely 6. Terrible Times 7. Buttez-Enavant 8. 60 1-5 secs.

5.0—**NAUL PLATE,** £100. 2 m.

Jenkinston, ch. g., by Meteoric Prince—Jenkinscourt (Mr. P. J. Leonard), 4-10-12 ..... Mr. P. J. Leonard, jun. 1

Tullycahan, 5, 11-3 ..... Mr. J. R. Cox 2

Majestic Chief, 4, 11-8 ..... Mr. D. Lane 3

Also ran—Fair Karl, a, 10-12 (Mr. M. J. Tully), Keuny, 3, 10-7 (Mr. W. Willis). (Winner trained by Mr. P. J. Leonard, jun.).

Betting—Evens Majestic Chief, 2 to 1 agst. Tullycahan, 3 to 1 Kenny, 6 to 1 JENKINSTON, 50 to 1 Fair Karl. **Tote**—Win, 14/-; places 7/6, 5/-. 3l., 3l. Kenny 4. 3 m. 43 2-5 secs.

5.30—**NORTH ALL HANDICAP,** £100. 5 f.

Woodside, b. f., by Furrokh Siyar—Princess Argosy (Mr. H. M. Hartigan), 4, 8-1 ..... B. Duffy 1

Columbia, 3, 7-1 ..... G. Cooney 2

Red Strife, 5, 7-7 ..... J. Tyrrell 3

Also ran—Breffni Boy, a, 8-9 (W. Barrett), Mabanaz, 3, 8-0 (F. McGill), Terraceford, a, 8-3 (M. Wing), Golden Rain, 4, 7-5 (R. Hardwidge), Coupe, 3, 7-11 (J. Ussher), Footbridge, 3, 7-0 (N. McKnight), Lamb's Tail, 3, 7-9 (W. Canty), Belle Brandon, 4, 7-7 (W. Howard). (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst Golden Rain, 4 to 1 each WOODSIDE and Columbia, 5 to 1 Mabanaz, 6 to 1 each Belle Brandon, Red Strife and Terraceford, 10 to 1 each Coupe and Footbridge, 100 to 8 any other. **Tote**—Win, 24/-; places, 5/6, 4/6, 6/-.

Won by 1l.; ½l. Golden Rain 4. Coupe 5. Belle Brandon 6. Breffni Boy 7. Terraceford 8.

TOTE DOUBLE—Fair Crystal and Woodside, £29 10/-; 23 winning tickets; pool, £754 10/-; day's pool, £4,927 4/-; last year, £6,988 12/-.

FREE FORECAST

There were 15 correct forecasts of the placings in the Phœnix Plate, and a cheque for £5 will be sent to each of the successful competitors.

The Phœnix Park Racecourse Premises were disinfected with Jeyes' Fluid.—(Advt.)

General view of the finish for the Phœnix Plate.

Gaelic Games

Dublin and Kerry Draw: Replay Next Sunday

(By PAT G.)

KERRY ..... 0-4 DUBLIN 0-4

IT was a strenuous, if not a brilliant, game at Croke Park yesterday, when Kerry, champions of 1939 and 1940, had the narrowest possible escape from defeat. At the very last minute Mort Kelly drove high at the Dublin posts, and the ball glanced off the upright for the balancing point. Dublin had played the better football, but both sets of forwards shot wildly when well placed. As I anticipated here last week, it was a low-scoring game and without a goal, and the backs had far the better of the argument throughout. Keohane, Myers, Casey and Dillon shone in Kerry's defence, whilst Kennedy, Falvey, Murphy and Quinn played steady football for Dublin. The replay at Tralee next Sunday should prove a thriller.

Dublin were defending at one end, when O'Sullivan, Kelly and O'Connor had a passing bout, forcing a free which Mort Kelly pointed inside two minutes. Falvey sent Dublin away, and the football was fast and open. Banks missed two frees from easy positions, but made amends when Falvey placed him to shoot the balancing point. O'Reilly brought off a fine clearance for Dublin, and Dillon and Casey were busy. Both sets of forwards shot badly. P. B. Brosnan, however, got close of the posts and drove hard. Kelly bringing off a fine clearance in Dublin's goal. Mort Kelly from a difficult angle shot a great point for Kerry's lead after sixteen minutes' play. Dublin's place-kicking was very weak, and they dissipated several chances. Joy shaved the posts from forty yards, and at the other end O'Keeffe saved a fast shot. Kerry were attacking, but their front line could make no impression on Kennedy, O'Reilly and Murphy. Half-time score:—Kerry, 2 points; Dublin, 1 point.

Within a minute of the resumption the teams were level, when Fletcher was fouled close in. Banks made no mistake with the kick for a point. Casey and Keohane drove at great length, and O'Sullivan was almost through when fouled. M. Kelly pointed the free, and Kerry were again ahead. After a fine passing bout by Dublin Joy passed to Gibbons on the right, and an arm punch brought a point from twenty-one yards. The teams were level for the third time.

Both sets of forwards shot wide of the posts when scores seemed certain. Keohane broke up several Dublin attacks, and Myers once saved when his lines seemed fallen. P. Kennedy and Falvey held Kerry forwards at bay, and, after Dublin had broken clear in an open run, Banks brought a wonderful burst of cheering when giving Dublin the lead with a point from long range. The closing stages were wildly exciting as Kerry played back with traditional fire. Dublin's goalkeeper brought off a fine save before Mort Kelly kicked the balancing point which glanced off the posts high up.

KERRY—D. O'Keeffe; W. Myers, J. Keohane, T. Healy; W. Dillon, W. Casey, E. Walsh; S. Brosnan, P. Kennedy, J. Walsh, T. O'Connor, M. Kelly, J. O'Gorman, C. O'Sullivan, P. B. Brosnan.

DUBLIN—C. Kelly; P. O'Reilly, P. Kennedy, J. Murphy, G. Fitzgerald, M. Falvey, P. Quinn; P. Holly, J. O'Dowd; J. Joy, P. O'Connor, T. Banks, J. Counihan, J. Gibbons, M. Fletcher.

J. Prestige came on as sub. for O'Dowd (injured).

GALWAY IN JUNIOR HURLING FINAL

GALWAY ..... 8—7 DOWN ..... 2—2

Galway's long drives brought three early scores (3 goal 2 points) from Duggan, Fahy and Fallon. Down had some neat hurlers, and replied to good purpose with a point from Donnelly and a goal by White. Galway were the more uniform side, and scored freely in the second quarter, Connaire crashed in two good goals, and Doyle had three points and a goal before Denver pointed for Down. Half-time:—

GALWAY ..... 4—5 DOWN ..... 1—2

Down had a good goal by Keenan in the third quarter, but they were mainly on the defensive. O'Keenan held a very good goal for the Ulster men, and was cheered frequently. He could not hold out Galway's fast forwards near the end. Doyle was a prolific marksman; Duggan and Connaire had further goals. Down backs, Donnelly, White and Denver, did good work, but their front lines lacked power with their shots.

THE RECEIPTS

The attendance at Croke Park yesterday was 15,800, and the receipts £864 8/-.

All Ireland Minor Football Semi-final—Kerry, 3-4; Roscommon, 2-7.

Munster Minor Hurling Semi-final—Tipperary, 3-2; Waterford, 3-1.

Lawn Tennis

County Wicklow Championships

Programme for to-day:—

10.30 a.m.—E. F. Collins v. N. S. O'Brien; D. O'Neill v. J. H. Smith; R. M. Good v. G. V. Ryan; M. W. Fitzgerald v. J. Wallis; M. J. Austin v. P. J. Brennan; Miss J. Huet v. Miss M. A. Fagan.

11.30 a.m.—Miss M. Blayney v. Miss M. Donelan (C.); R. O. V. Lloyd v. G. A. Phelan; R. Jackson v. E. J. Stephens; C. H. Chamney v. R. Buchanan; P. D. McWeeney v. H. Ashton; R. F. Jones v. E. G. Hunt; R. A. French v. R. Rawson; Miss B. Cresswell v. Miss P. Dillon; Miss M. O'Reilly v. Miss G. Hunt.

12.30 p.m.—Miss M. Dowling v. Miss B. Strickland (C.); Miss B. Good v. Mrs. McFerran (C.); Mrs. Nichols v. Mrs. M. Fallon (C.); Miss M. Nichols v. Miss N. Meldon (C.); Miss N. Conway v. Miss M. O'Carroll (C.); Mrs. Christian v. Miss N. Barton; Mrs. Sharpe v. Miss D. Maynard; Mrs. Galloway and Miss C. Robinson v. Misses H. Archer and E. Bolton.

1.30—P. J. Brennan v. C. H. E. Chamney (C.); A. W. Martin v. A. Aungier; T. Figgis v. J. Corballis; R. R. Figgis v. Schneider; R. A. French and R. M. Good v. N. D. and D. A. Good; N. S. O'Brien and J. McCourt v. E. F. Collins and J. Kidney.

2.30—R. F. Jones v. G. V. Ryan (C); D. O'C. Miley v. R. Buchanan (C.); Miss M. Sweetman v. Mrs. S. B. Hooper (C.); T. L. A. Read and J. Murphy v. A. Wine and W. Cherrick (C.); Mrs. McFerran and Miss Conway v. Mrs. J. Fallon and Miss M. O'Carroll (C.); Miss B. Strickland v. Miss N. Warren; Miss N. Meldon v. Mrs. C. Collins; Miss M. Dillon v. Mrs. D. Boyd.

3.30—T. Garzan v. D. Morris (C.); R. F. Egan v. G. A. Phelan (C.)—A. H. Collins v. A. R. Gillespie (C.)—B. H. Jackson v. S. B. Hooper (C.); P. D. McWeeney v. W. D. Gillespie (C.); Misses P. Dillon and M. Bethell v. Mrs. Nichols and Miss N. Dillon (C.); D. T. McWeeney v. G. E. Nesbitt; A. K. Gallagher v. D. Acton; R. J. Nichols v. R. Bulmer; C. Chamney and J. C. Anderson v. R. R. and T. Figgis.

4.30—J. McHale v. F. G. Hunt (C.); A. W. R. Martin v. W. A. Manahan (C.); E. H. Porter v. McGilligan; M. Solomons and Miss M. Sweetman v. G. A. Phelan and Miss M. O'Carroll (C.); D. O'C. Miley v. M. Crowley; Miss G. Good v. Mrs. Archer; Miss V. Gillespie v. Miss R. Huet; Mrs. Christian and Mrs. Davidson v. Mrs. Collins and Miss Flanagan; Misses N. Warren and M. A. Fagan v. Misses C. Lowe and P. Dixon; Mrs. McFerran and Miss N. Barton v. Mrs. Sharpe and Miss B. P. Dillon.

5.30—R. J. Murphy v. S. C. Robb (C.); C. F. Meenan v. H. H. Dove (C.); winner of A. v. winner of B; D. A. Read v. H. H. Malvinent (C.); S. D. and D. A. Good v. A. P. Graves and E. H. Porter (C.); R. F. Jones and R. Buchanan v. H. C. Wine and B. P. Doherty (C.); W. Cherrick and Mrs. H. Jacobs v. F. G. Hunt and Mrs. J. A. Fallon (C.); F. J. O'Reilly v. T. Gargan; H. Collins v. D. P. Keady; Mrs. Fitzgerald and Miss Cherry v. Misses Vere Hunt and Dowling.

6.0—A. E. Fannin v. E. J. Stephens (C).

6.30—H. P. Morris v. M. Solomons (C.); R. F. Egan and A. E. Fannin v. A. W. Martin and H. O'C. Miley (C.); Misses N. Meldon and M. Gregory v. Misses M. Blayney and M. Sweetman (C.); R. J. Murphy and Miss N. Conway v. H. H. Dove and Miss S. Curley (C.); D. Ireland v. D. McGilligan; P. J. Corcoran v. R. J. Read; Miss P. Vere Hunt v. Miss C. Lowe; Mrs. Archer and Miss E. Bonner v. Mrs. D. Boyd and Miss Cresswell; R. J. and Mrs. Nichols and R. M. Good and Miss M. Dillon; P. D. McWeeney and Miss B. P. Dillon v. Dr. and Mrs. S. B. Hooper.

7.30—P. J. A. Read and Miss M. Nichols v. F. H. Porter and Miss C. Lowe; G. M. Downey v. H. C. Wine; C. H. Maidment and A. G. Trapnell v. T. Garzan and D. Acton; R. T. Read and D. P. Keady v. D. Morris and D. Bonner; D. McGilligan and R. Fawsitt v. W. D. and Miss R. Gillespie; R. O. Lloyd and A. R. Gallagher v. W. Cherrick and A. Wine; H. Collins and G. V. Ryan v. W. A. Manahan and J. McHale (C).

MUNSTER JUNIOR TITLES

Boys (under 18)—J. Hackett beat F. Nolan—7-5, 6-2.

Boys (under 15)—F. Farney beat G. Foulkes—6-1, 6-0.

Girls (under 18)—Pat. Doran beat D. Miley—9-7, 6-3.

Girls (under 15)—Nan Conner beat D. Furney—6-1, 6-3.

YOUGHAL FINALS

Youghal Cup—Semi-finals—C. A. Kemp beat W. J. Dyer—6-2, 6-3; H. J. Ryan beat E. Williams—6-3, 6-0. Final—Kemp beat Ryan—6-0, 6-4, 7-5.

Glenbower Cup—Semi-finals—Miss E. F. Lombard beat Miss M. Hallinan—8-6, 6-3; Mrs. V. F. O'Donoghue beat Miss G. Godfrey—6-3, 2-6, 6-2. Final—Miss Lombard beat Mrs. O'Donoghue—6-2, 6-1.

TRAMORE FINALS

Women's Singles—Miss Hope Furney beat Miss Una Harpur—3-6, 6-2, 6-3.

Men's Singles—R. Buchanan beat P. J. O'Connor—6-1, 6-2, 6-3.

MUNSTER TEAM

The Munster team against Leinster at at Cork on Monday, August 18th, will be—F. C. South (captain), B. A. Haughton, F. J. Mockler, P. J. O'Connor, D. F. Williams, E. M. Daly. Substitutes—J. A. Shalloe, W. J. Dwyer.

MOUNT TEMPLE "AT HOME"

CHAMPIONSHIPS—Single—Men—F. H. Ballagh beat F. Kenny—6-2, 6-4, 3-6, 6-1. **Ladies** — Miss S. Curley beat Miss M. Strahan, 3-6, 6-2, 6-3. **Men's Doubles**—T. H. K. Dunlop and T. D. Lambert beat F. H. Ballagh and H. Tunney, 6-3, 3-6, 6-0.

HANDICAPS — Singles — Men—T. D. Lambert (–40.3) beat C. Riordan (–15.3), 6-0, 7-5. **Ladies**—"A"—Mrs. G. Kelly (–40) beat Miss G. Dolan (+1), 6-0, 6-4. "B" — Miss F. Coolican (+15.3) beat Miss A. Rex (+15), 6-3, 3-6, 6-2. **Doubles**—T. D. and C. G. Lambert (–15.3) beat R. G. and D. Barry (–3), 11-9, 6-4; Mrs. R. Nichols and Miss Boucher (–30.3) beat Misses Linehan and C. O'Dwyer (+5), 6-1, 6-3. **Mixed**—R. T. Fahy and Miss F. Spicer (–15) beat F. H. Ballagh and Miss M. Barry (–30), 6-4, 6-1.

Golf

South of Ireland Championship

The draw for the South of Ireland Championship to be played at Lahinch, beginning to-day, is:—

FIRST ROUND.

W. J. O'Grady v. J. O. Fortune.
P. D. Murray v. J. Mallin.
M. L. Counihan v. P. Garrahy.
B. T. Flaherty v. T. G. Dunlop.
D. F. Murry (holder) v. M. Roberts.
P. Kiely v. R. O'Farrell.
J. McHugh v. T. P. Ryan.
J. Kirkpatrick v. R. White.
H. McKiernan v. M. O'Loughlin.
M. Harrington v. R. Counihan.
J. A. English v. D. F. Gleeson.

Byes at Top.

C. A. Kelly v. M. J. McMahon.
F. Hannon v. R. Nolan.
T. A. Brindley v. V. Hamilton.
D. Torrens v. A. D. McDonough.
T. O'Donnell v. J. P. Byrne.

Byes at Bottom.

G. Smye v. J. Allen.
P. A. Bolger v. J. W. Tunney.
John Burke v. W. O'Connor.
B. Murphy v. S. McMahon.
D. M. Sexton v. D. Corboy.

EXHIBITION MATCH AT ST. ANNE'S

At St. Anne's, Dollymount, yesterday, Paddy Mahon, Harry Bradshaw, John McLoughlin and Michael Crowley played an exhibition fourball match in aid of the funds of the Church of St. John the Baptist. Clontarf. Mahon being partnered by Crowley and Bradshaw by McLoughlin. The latter pair won a most interesting match by 3 and 1. The game was all square at the tenth, and Crowley took the lead at the tenth, but they lost it at the eleventh, and thereafter Bradshaw and McLoughlin were on top, and won at the thirteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth left them easy winners. The approximate scores for the round were:—Bradshaw 71, McLoughlin 73, Mahon 76, and Crowley—a former international, who had not played competitive golf for many years—77.

CLUB NOTICES AND RESULTS

Castle.—Fourball: I.—J. S. Barrett (8) and M. Cunningham (13), 10 up; J. Martin (9) and G. Quin (10), 8 up. II.—P. J. Cahill (17) and J. Farrell (22), 7 up.

Milltown.—Smalley Cup: I.—W. M. Russell (5), 69 (best gross); R. D. Lambert (7), 72; R. B. Cruise (8), 75; M. C. Kevins (11), 75. P. J. Kavanagh (9), 76; M. J. McGowan (9), 76; W. A. Mulligan (10), 77; B. D. Fleming (10), 79; J. P. Healy (11), 79, tied for eighth place. II.—E. Lennass (12), 67; S. Curry (12), 71; J. Cawley (14), 72; W. J. Farrell (13), 73; M. J. Geoghegan (17), 75; A. D. Pringle (15), 75; A. G. Reglar (18), 76; R. Mulcahy (16), 77. Draw—Tie won on toss by Fleming. Draw—Collins v. Kavanagh; Fleming v. Kevins; Russell v. McGowan; Lambert v. Cruise; Curry v. Mulcahy; Lennass v. Geoghegan; Farrell v. Cowley; Pringle v. Reglar.

Portmarnock.—Medals—C. Stack (5), 3 up; R. Ewing (plus 2), 1 up; P. J. Hogan (10), 1 up; P. F. Purcell (5), 2 down; C. S. Barrett (10), 2 down; M. P. Cassidy (16), 3 down.

Dun Laoghaire.—Open Mixed Fourball—G. H. Owens and Miss S. Neary, 7 up; Victor Connolly and Mrs. Harding, 6 up; Joseph Conan and Mrs. Conan, 6 up. Ladies'.—Medals—J.—Mrs. Herlihy (Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Conan qualified). II.—Miss D. Mooney. III.—Mrs. Harding (Miss Waddell qualified). August 14—Match play, foursomes, first round.

Kilroney.—Flag—D. Butler near 19th hole. E. J. O'Brien 19th green.

Sutton.—President's (Mr. A. B. Macnaughton) prize—First 18 holes—J. Boyd (21), 65; G. P. French (8), 66; C. McQuillan (11), 66. Saturday—Second 18 holes.

Delgany. — Semi-open fourball—H. J. Byrne and F. Knott, 9 up; C. Beattie and P. May, 5 up.

Foxrock.—Lady HolmPatrick Cup—E. J. Whitcroft and D. Meade, 10 up; H. J. McAuley and S. H. Seymour, 8 up; W. A. Kinnear and F. J. Darley, 7 up; R. W. Sinnott and J. E. Fletcher, 5 up; S. J. Reardon and N. Cooke, 5 up.

Malahide.—Bailey Cup—R. W. Greer (16), 67; A. Adams (11), 69. The draw—C. G. Verso v. R. W. Greer, K. Bissett v. G. P. Gray, H. M. Peyton v. G. M. Bowers, P. McMahon v. A. Adams, J. J. Duffy v. H. Lorimer, P. L. Malone v. H. Verso, E. J. Parker v. C. Armstrong, M. Hatch v. G. Quinn.

Greystones.—Medal—V. G. Williams (13), 2 down; C. H. West (4), 3 down; G. R. Oulton (10), 4 down; J. S. Henderson (14), 4 down; R. M. Gamble (24), 4 down. Open mixed fourball on 16th cancelled.

Rathfarnham.—Bisque—J. B. Johnston (12), 4 up; N. T. Bailey (14), all square, and G. D. Whitehead (16), all square.

Grange.—Semi-open fourball—A. C. Orr (15) and Miss P. Seaman (28), 7th Wednesday—Fourball. Saturday—Medals.

Skerries.—Ladies. Mr. H. Keogh's prize won by Mrs. McKevitt (20), 73; 2nd, Mrs. D. McDowell (36), 75. To-morrow—Prize presented by Mrs. Flanagan.

Royal Dublin.—Fourball—K. Bridges (4) and J. P. Stein (5), 5 up; L. Gunning (6) and S. O'Connor (11), 5 up.

Hermitage.—Tankard—P. H. Leahy (17), 42 points; D. K. Doran (12), 37; A. W. Briscoe (scr.), 38; G. Begg (14), 38; J. H. Sheils (15), 38.

Tralee.—Ladies—Burkley Cup: Mrs. T. Ryan (24), 4 down. Class 2—Miss M. Savage (26), 6 down. Spoon—Miss M. Shanahan (36), 70.

BOWLING RESULTS

Senior League—Leinster 95, Kenilworth 55; St. James's Gate 74, Blackrock 73.

Junior League—Railway Union 58, Kenilworth 36; Clontarf 70, Imperial Tobacco 42.

Yachting

Close Finish For R.A.Y.C. Match

Another spectacular finish was staged by the 21-Footers in the R.A.Y.C. match on Saturday, the first four crossing the winning line within the space of 24 seconds, while only a minute and a half separated all seven, whereas these had been a widely scattered lot at the close of the first round. Maureen won, but only by a "touch" from Garavogue. A fine sailing breeze at starting time softened away to nothing later, but lasted long enough to allow all the D.B.S.C. matches to finish reasonably early. Details:—

21-FOOTERS. R.A.Y.C. match. Start 3 o'clock. Finish:—Maureen (winner) (P. D. Odlum), 6-4-25; Garavogue (second prize) (Martin and Crabbe), 6-4-26; Innisfallen (third prize) (A. Mahaffy), 6-4-58; Geraldine (R. A. Wright), 6-4-59; Naneen, 6-5-26; Estelle, 6-5-29; Oola, 6-5-55.

17-FOOTERS. Match for Commodore's prize and handicap for club prizes. Start 3.5 p.m. Finish:—Hera (special prize) (2m.) (A. O'Reilly), 4-50-19; Rosemary (1m.) (A. F. B. Thompson), 4-50-56; Delginis (first club) (7m.) (Miss Barry), 4-51-43; Elren (scr.), 4-52-20; Bobolink (second club) (6m.), 4-53-1; Rita (4m.) 4-53-12.

CRUISERS. Handicap for "Irish Times" prize and for club prizes. Start 3.10 p.m. Finish:—Dulcitilla (special prize) (4m.) (Jacob and Stephens), 5-2-15; Maramu (Scr.) (H. Osterberg), 5-3-1; Mavis (third club) (13m.) (J. B. Kearney), 5-20-30; Bonita (second club) (26m.) (C. Starkey), 5-25-28. Avora (38m.), 5-53-35; Happy Days (41m.), retired.

MERMAIDS. Match for "Tramways" prize and handicap for club prizes. Start 3.15 p.m. Finish:—Minx (special prize) (A. J. Mooney), 5-8-20; Daphne (first club) (5m.) (K. D. M. Daniel), 5-12-15; Amy (4m.) (J. R. Clark), 5-13-3; Ruby (third club) (5m.) (D. Slator), 5-13-28; Oonagh (3m.), 5-14-14; Manuia (4m.), 5-14-24; Stella (12m.), 5-39-30.

WATER WAGS. Match for Commodore's prize and handicap for club prizes. Start 3.20 p.m. Finish:—Stella (special prize) (7m.) (A. J. Byrne), 4-40-20; Penelope (3m.) (R. W. Morris), 4-40-56; Phyllis (scr.) (Mrs. Newsome and W. R. M'Ferran), 4-41-8; Coquette (scr.) (G. H. Jones), 4-42-26; Minilla (first club) (11m.), 4-43-1; Barbara (8m.), 4-44-2; Mollie (5m.), 4-45-33; Tomboy (fourth club) (11m.), 4-46-20; Jacqueline (8m.), 4-47-8; Alfa (third prize) (13m.), 4-47-39. Also finished—Blue Bird, Saryalis, Nandor and Glaneca.

HOWTH S.C.

17-FOOTERS. Handicap. Start 3.20 p.m. Finish:—Echo (winner) (7m.), 4-45-53; Paula (fourth prize) (2m.), 4-52-23; Anita (second prize) (7m.), 4-53-5; Zaida (2m.), 4-53-10; Leila (scr.), 4-54-19; Mimosa (third prize) (5m.), 4-55-8.

DAISIES." Start 3.25 p.m. Finish:—Tinkerbelle (winner), 5-6-30; Setanta, 5-6-35; Cinder, 5-11-21.

SAILBOATS. Handicap. Start 3.30 p.m. Finish:—Mary Edith (winner) (4m.), 5-18-5; Bee (scr.) 5-20-1; Sunset (6m.), 5-20-9.

Swimming

W. H. Deane Wins Harbour Race

The annual Dun Laoghaire harbour race took place on Saturday afternoon over two and a quarter miles. W. H. Deane (Sandycove) was the winner, his time being 41 mins. 18 secs., 41 secs. better than his time last year. W. H. Ashmore (Sandycove and Dublin University) was second in 43 mins. 40 secs. Other placings were:—W. Hawkins (Dublin S.C.), third, 52 mins. 4 secs.; J. Cummins (Sandycove), fourth, 53 mins. 28 secs.; C. Brady (Sandycove), fifth, 57 mins. 30 secs.; D. O'Sullivan (Army and Sandycove), sixth, 58 mins. 12 secs. D. O'Kelly (U.C.D.) retired. Deane led from the start.

The result of the sealed handicap was:—C. Brady (Sandycove), 1; D. O'Sullivan (Army and Sandycove), 2; J. Cummins (Sandycove), 3.

BRAY COVE GALA

Bray Cove Club held the first of their three galas yesterday at the Pools, Bray Head. Results:—

Men's 50 Yards Open Handicap—Final—V. Plunkett (North Dublin) (5), 1; R. Lee (Pembroke) (5), 2; C. Cloake (Dublin) (6), 3. 30 competed. 31 1-5 secs.

Women's 50 Yards Open Handicap—Final—Miss E. Carney (Dublin) (9), 1; Miss K. Neary (Bray Cove) (5), 2; Miss N. Sedgwick (Young Leinster) (2), 3. 24 competed. 42 1-5 secs.

Invitation Squadron Race—Young Leinster (M. Collins, S. Collins, G. Brady and W. H. Deane), 1; Army, 2; Bray Cove, 3. Five teams competed.

Women's 100 Yards Club Championship—Miss L. Bishop, 1; Miss J. Coughlan, 2; Miss K. Neary, 3. Six competed. 79 secs.

Girls' 50 Yards Club Handicap—Heat 1—Miss P. Kilmartin (9), 1; Miss P. O'Flynn (10), 2; Miss I. Hackett (11), 3. 45 secs. Heat 2—Miss G. O'Flynn (1), 1; Miss A. Molloy (4), 2; Miss I. McCall (2), 3. 37 secs. Final will be held on Wednesday night.

Boys' 50 Yards Club Handicap—Heat 1—L. Meckin (12), 1; G. O'Neill (10), 2; H. Hackett (9), 3. 37 secs. Heat 2—D. O'Neill (scr.), 1; P. Bishop (1), 2; T. Dillon (5), 3. 29 secs. Final will be held on Wednesday night.

Boys' 50 Yards Handicap (Beginners)—D. Cranny (18), 1; P. Byrne (scr.), 2; N. Moore (14), 3.

Girls' 50 Yards Handicap (Beginners)—Miss A. Byrne (2), 1; Miss A. Molloy (scr.), 2; Miss N. Smith (scr.), 3.

Water Polo—Bray Cove 2, Half Moon 1.

TIPPERARY OPEN TOURNAMENT WEEK

AND COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIPS.
STARTING AUGUST 18th.
Nine Events. Five Handicaps.
Particulars from Hon. Sec.,
A. P. HARRIS, M.R.C.V.S., Athassel House, Golden, Cashel, Co. Tipperary.
'Phone—Golden 3.—(Advt.)

THIS WEEK'S AUCTIONS OF FURNITURE AND FINE ARTS

WEDNESDAY.

19 Stephen's Green, N. (James Adam and Sons).

THURSDAY.

Tolka Lodge, Finglas, Co. Dublin (Ganly and Sons).

Cricket

Batsmen on Top at Rathmines

The match between Leinster and Mr. J. C. Boucher's XI, in aid of the St. John Ambulance Fund, played yesterday at Rathmines, produced some bright play, and 493 runs were scored in the six-and-a-quarter hours the game was in progress. The result was a draw, somewhat in favour of Leinster, who at the close were 50 runs short of victory, with 6 wickets in hands. The wicket was very slow, but Boucher's XI got their runs quite fast, and in three-and-a-half hours were able to declare, leaving Leinster just three hours to bat.

J. Caprani and F. M. Quinn were the chief contributors to their side's total, and they added 73 for the fourth wicket; while Caprani, with J. D'Arcy as partner, put on 79 for the fifth wicket. Caprani had hard luck in missing his century by 9 runs. He batted for two hours and ten minutes, and hit 13 boundaries. Quinn played a stylish innings for 54, and hit six fours. Boucher was not long knocking up 27, and had five boundaries.

F. W. Fox and J. R. Gill made a great second wicket partnership for Leinster, and added 109 before they were separated. Gill was the more aggressive, and made his runs in an hour-and-a-half, while Fox was batting two hours.

The home side were without their captain, R. H. Lambert; P. Neville, C. R. Cuffe and P. Roland. R. Harrison, the King's Hospital and Schools' Interprovincial player, playing his first senior match, kept wicket for the scratch side in excellent style. Score—

MR. J. C. BOUCHER'S XI.

D. R. Pigot c. Dolan b. Bligh	17
F. J. Bourke st. Bligh b. Mannion	16
F. M. Quinn b. Smith	57
J. C. Boucher c. Smith b. Law	27
J. Caprani c. Jones b. Law	91
J. D'Arcy not out	35
K. Quinn not out	7
Extras	25
Total (5 wkts.)*	271

(*) Innings declared.

Did not bat—B. T. Quinn, R. Harrison, R. Furley, J. M. Kenny.

Bowling—P. Smith, 1 for 51; H. N. Bligh, 1 for 47; C. Mannion, 1 for

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

GAIETY THEATRE.
ONCE NIGHTLY AT 7.30.
MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
JIMMY O'DEA in
"SO WHAT?"
A Comedy Musical by Harry O'Donovan
FULL 3-HOUR SHOW.
BOOKING DAILY, 10 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

OLYMPIA.
8 ..... ONCE NIGHTLY. 8
DOORS OPEN 7.30.
Second Week the year's best Musical.
"AFTER THE BALL."
Joe Duffy, Sam Mooney, Liam O'Connor, Norma Barry, Vic Kaye, Patty Ryan Ursula Doyle, Vic Davis, Paddy Kenny, Dan Byrne and THE CARLTONS Booking Office open 10.30 to 6 p.m. 'Phone 22962.

ABBEY THEATRE.
Fourth and last week of "PETER," by Rutherford Mayne. Box Office, 10.30 to 6. 'Phone 44505. Owing to 'Bus changes play starts at 8 sharp.

GATE LONGFORD PRODUCTIONS.
TO-MORROW, AT 8.15,
"LE BOURGEOIS GENTILHOMME."
By Molière.
Translated by Lord Longford.

METROPOLE 2 to 10.40.
LOUIS HAYWARD, JOAN BENNETT, "THE SON OF MONTE CRISTO."
Showing at 2 o'c., 4.15, 6.30, 8.50.

GRAFTON Continuous 2 to 10.45
2.25, 4.40, 6.50, 9.0.
MORLAND GRAHAM, JOHN MILLS, in "OLD BILL AND SON."
with Mary Clare, Rene Houston, Rene Ray.

CORINTHIAN.
Edmund Lowe & Una Merkel, "Double Date," at 2.30, 4.54, 7.18, 9.42. Bill Boyd & Russell Hayden, "In Old Colorado," at 3.32, 5.56, 8.20. Chapter 9 "Junior G-Men."

ROYAL Show at 4.14, 7.58.
Film at 2.27, 6.11, 9.28.
"HULLABALOO NO. 5," with HARRY BAILEY and HULLABALOONIES.
ROY IRVING interviews PETTY OFFICER.
MARITIME INSCRIPTION.
L.S.F. BRASS BAND & CHOIR.
WALLACE LIONEL LARAINE
BEERY, BARRYMORE, DAY.
"TWO GUN CUPID."

REGAL ROOMS At 2.34, 4.45,
CINEMA 6.56, 9.7.
AMERICA'S CHALLENGE TO MR. CHIPS.
Martha Scott, William Gargan, in "CHEERS FOR MISS BISHOP."

SAVOY At 1.56, 4.14, 6.32, 8.50.
SPENCER TRACY, MICKEY ROONEY, in
"MEN OF BOYS' TOWN."
RESTAURANT—Open as usual, 10 a.m. to 12 Midnight.

ASTOR Continuous, 1.55-10.40 p.m.
RETAINED!
The Greatest Thriller ever Produced on the Continent.
"THE TESTAMENT OF DOCTOR MABUSE"
("Das Testament des Doktor Mabuse")
Directed by Fritz Lang.
FIRST TIME TO EIRE.
Daily at 1.55, 4.5, 6.20, 8.35.

CAPITOL TO-DAY at 2.24, 4.31, 6.38, 8.45.
Summer Matinee Price: 1 - all Seats.
Robert Donat, Greer Garson, in "GOOD-BYE, MR. CHIPS."
Lunch in the Oak Lounge.

CARLTON SHOWING at 3.10, 5.19, 7.29, 9.39.
Two Breath-taking Features.
SIGRID GURIE & ROD LA ROCQUE in "DARK STREETS OF CAIRO."
Also "THE MAN AT THE GATE."

PAVILION DUN LAOGHAIRE. Con. 3 to 10.30 p.m.
PAUL MUNI in
"HUDSON'S BAY."
Showing at 3.50, 6.20 and 9.10 p.m.

REGENT CINEMA, BLACKROCK.
MYRNA LOY and MELVYN DOUGLAS in
"THIRD FINGER LEFT HAND."

ASTORIA DUN LAOGHAIRE
GEORGE FORMBY in "SPARE A COPPER."
Showing at 4.28, 6.53, 9.18 p.m.
Also "Ali Baba and the 40 Thieves."

ADELPHI At 2.32, 4.43, 6.54, 9.5.
Bing Crosby
Bob Hope, Dorothy Lamour, in "ROAD TO ZANZIBAR."
Feature finishes at 4.3, 6.14, 8.25, 10.36

QUEEN'S JESTERS. With
Frank O'Donovan, Noel Purcell, Jimmy Harvey. NOTE TIMES OF SHOW: 2.30 — 5.40 8.15.
Prices, 1 6, 1 4, 1 - 8d. Box Seats 3 - ea.

GREEN To-day: 2.30, 4.40, 6.45, 9.0.
Bette Davis, Herbert Marshall, Jas. Stephenson, "THE LETTER."

THEATRE DE LUXE—Dublin's Super Cinema. 3.0—10.30. Camden St. Jack Benny and Mary Martin "LOVE THY NEIGHBOUR." At 4.10, 6.43, 9.16. Bob Steele, in "UNDER TEXAS SKIES."

AVOCA HANDWEAVERS' SALE
AT
MESSRS FULLER'S,
84 GRAFTON STREET,
Continuing
MONDAY, 11th, 2 p.m., to
WEDNESDAY, 13th, 1 p.m.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAYS COMPANY.
EXAMINATION FOR MALE CLERKSHIPS, 16th APRIL, 1941.

The undermentioned Candidates were successful at the Examination for Male Clerkships held in Dublin on the 16th April, 1941, and will be appointed as vacancies arise, subject to their passing the Medical Examination:—

John J. Scott	Edmond J. Flaherty,
Paul A. J. Warren	Cornelius S. Sheehan,
Michael Donoghue,	Michael Ryan,
Francis N. Hickey,	William Lynch,
Brendan P. O'Meara,	Richard McConville,
James G. Tancred,	Thomas S. Timmons,
Patrick T. Moore,	Jeremiah McCarthy,
Liam Fitzpatrick,	Michael Flannery,
Colmcille Ryan,	John Butler,
Daniel J. Nevin,	William M. O'Halloran,
Cathal J. Ryan,	Thomas Anthony O'Connor,
Damien Kevin Deasy,	David J. Fleming,
William Miller,	Victor Murray,
Patrick Murphy,	James Leonard,
Raymond McEvoy,	Francis G. Daly,
W. Gerard Anthony McDonald,	John J. Brady,
John J. Ambrose,	David F. McKeown,
Timothy Michael Linehan,	Charles J. Chamberlaine,
Patrick J. Morrissey,	Augustine L. Rowe,
Thomas D. McNamee,	Patrick O'Reilly,
John McLoughlin,	John Daly,
Robert A. G. Fitzharris,	John B. King,
Michael O'Neill,	William J. Casey,
William A. Murnane,	Cornelius A. O'Brien,
Patrick Martin Corrivan,	Bartholomew A. Sheehan,
Joseph Meaney,	Michael Browne,
Colm P. J. O'Higgins,	John S. McNamara,
Martin C. Cashen,	James J. O'Reilly,
John Casey,	John Joseph Molumby,
Patrick Vincent Desmond,	Edward Patrick O'Connor,
Daniel Vincent O'Neill,	Daniel Cronin,
Andrew Halpin,	Thomas Noel Barry,
Robert J. Ennor,	John Henry Hugh Connolly,
Michael Hughes	Seamus Paul Devine,

H. S. COE, Secretary.
Kingsbridge Station, Dublin,
August, 1941.

UNIVERSITY OF MANCHESTER.
THE SESSION COMMENCES ON THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th.
Particulars of any of the following Faculties or Departments may be obtained on application to the Registrar:—Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Music, Commerce and Administration, Theology, Technology, Education, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Public Health, Architecture, Geography, History, Education of the Deaf. Prospectuses of General Information, Advanced Studies in History, Post Graduate Courses in Medicine, Course for Teachers of Young Children, Fellowships, Scholarships, Exhibitions and Prizes, Public and Evening Courses, Extra-Mural Department, Appointments Board.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the Goods of
MARY CUSACK, late of Abbeville House, Malahide, in the County of Dublin, Widow, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 54, that the above-named deceased, who died on 26th March, 1941, by her last Will, dated 13th December, 1935, bequeathed the following legacies:—
To the Committee of the Fingal (Swords) Orphanage £100, to be applied at their discretion.
To the Representative Church Body £200, the interest thereon to be applied to augment the stipend of the Rector of Swords for the time being.
To the Representative Church Body £200, the income to be applied towards the upkeep of the Swords Parish Church and Graveyard.

Probate of said Will was, on 24th July, 1941, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Eire to Robert Roland Cusack (in Will called Robert Roland (Roy) Cusack), of Drumnigh, Portmarnock, in said county, Stockbroker, and Violet Elizabeth Cusack, of "Shanakiel," Yellow Walls, Malahide, aforesaid, Spinster, the Executors therein named.

Dated this 8th day of August, 1941.
MONTGOMERY & CHAYTOR,
Solicitors for the Executors,
13 Molesworth street,
Dublin.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and to all others whom it may concern.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

AN ROINN TALMHAIDHEACHTA.
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE (EGGS) ACT, 1939.

The Minister for Agriculture has appointed the number **11** as the CODE MARK to be applied to Eggs tested at Wholesalers' premises or examined at Retailers' premises on 11th, 12th and 13th August, 1941.

D. TWOMEY, Secretary.
48/B.4703. W.H.Co.

COIMISIUN NA STAT-SHEIRBHISE.
VACANCIES FOR TYPISTS AND SHORTHAND-TYPISTS

Concurrent open competitive examinations will begin on 23rd September, 1941, for not less than 10 vacancies as Typist, and not less than 10 vacancies as Shorthand-Typist (of which not less than 8 will be as General Service Shorthand-Typist). Only female candidates are eligible.

AGE LIMITS: 18-25 years on 1st November, 1941.

SALARY SCALE FOR TYPISTS: 20 - a week at 18 years of age, to 23/- a week at 21 years of age, and thence by annual increments to 30 - a week.

SALARY SCALE FOR SHORTHAND-TYPISTS: 24/- a week by annual increments of 2 - to 38 - a week.

A bonus related to the cost-of-living is payable in addition to the scale-salaries shown above. At present the bonus on 20 - is 17-4; on 24/- is 20/5; on 30/- is 25/6; and on 38/- is 31/-.

LATEST DATE FOR ACCEPTING COMPLETED APPLICATION FORMS: 29th AUGUST, 1941, UP TO 5.15 P.M.

The book, containing the Question Papers and results of the September-November, 1940, examinations, is on sale at the Government Publications Sale Office, 3 College street, Dublin, price 1/2 (postage 2d. extra).

Regulations, Syllabuses and Application Forms may be obtained free from An Rúnaí, Coimisiún na Stát-Sheirbhíse, 45 Sráid Uach. O Conaill, Baile Atha Cliath, M.8.
48/B.4707. W.H.Co.

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Telephone No. 76555.

The Irish Times

MONDAY, AUGUST 11, 1941.

The "Red" Resistance

Those readers who mark their war-maps with paper flags will have noticed that the flags show very little movement in these days. Since the new German offensive against Russia began, there have been various *communiqués*, dealing with a victory here or there, the destruction of so many men and the capture of so many guns; but no fresh place-names have come into the news. The little flags are precisely where they were a week or more ago. The thrust towards Smolensk remains static; the "pincers" of the German effort to encircle Kiev still end at Korosten on the north and Byelaya Tserkov to the south. There is no trustworthy hint of any important change in the operations to the west of Leningrad. Only in the far south is there the suggestion of a German advance. There a powerful German army is working its way in a south-easterly direction, apparently with the intention to occupy Odessa, or even the more important manufacturing town of Nikolaiev, which helps to guard the Crimean peninsula. For the rest, the news is confused. Nothing is clear except that one of the biggest and most deadly campaigns in human history is in full swing. Even when all possible allowances have been made, the *communiqués* tell a tale of slaughter that does not yield to any of the most terrible conflicts in the last Great War. It is not for us, at so great a distance, to judge whether the Russian resistance is more formidable than Herr Hitler and his generals anticipated; but, if not, he has consented to pay a heavy price for whatever advantages he hopes to gain. What were those advantages? Herr Hitler himself justified his invasion of Russia by the charge that Stalin was preparing to stab Germany in the back, and must be put out of action in order that she might be left free to make war upon England; but such a belief would not be enough to justify so expensive and hazardous a campaign. If, as other people have thought, the Germans wished to assure themselves of the Ukrainian corn-fields, they have gone a strange way about it—and, once again, an expensive way. Even if they over-run the entire Ukraine, the victory will not be much good to them; for all the signs are that the bulk of the Ukraine harvest has been gathered in these weeks past, and what is left on the ground almost certainly will be destroyed by Marshal Budyenny's soldiers before the Germans can get at it. The longer the campaign proceeds, in fact, the harder it becomes to understand why it ever was attempted.

Doubtless, the Germans hoped that Russian *morale* would crack after a short resistance, but after seven weeks it seems to be as strong as ever. The Red Army also seems to have no shortage of equipment. According to a special correspondent of *The Times* in Stockholm, the opinion is growing in Germany that the Soviet Government must have spent some time before the campaign in the creation of enormous reserves of war material and the construction of carefully hidden industrial works. At the least calculation, Russia's losses of material during these weeks must have been enormous—heavy enough to have crippled the fighting power of almost any other nation. Yet they retain aircraft enough to challenge all the might of the *Luftwaffe*, and evidently are able to hurl hundreds of tanks into any given sector. The magnitude of Russia's industrial effort, indeed, is not less surprising than the strength of her army. Both alike suggest that Stalin had no more faith in Herr Hitler's assurances of friendship than Herr Hitler had in Stalin's; for the greater part of Russia's re-arming must have been effected during the first two years of the war. Unless the German hope of a Russian revolt is realised, there will be small likelihood of any shortage of material; for most of the Soviet factories are beyond the Urals, outside the effective range of the German bombers. If once the Soviet army were thoroughly broken, of course, this wealth of material and of productive power would cease to matter, but there is small reason to suppose that the Red Army will have received its *coup de grâce* even if Herr Hitler enters Moscow in triumph. The coming weeks will tell whether he has made the mistake of his career or whether his calculations have been correct. Unless he can break the Russians decisively, a time is bound to come when the twofold strain of fighting the British on the west and the Russians on the east will make itself felt. If the British should take the offensive on a large scale—say, in the form of a full-dress invasion of Germany—the Germans could find themselves in a thoroughly uncomfortable position. At present there is no sign of a British offensive. There have been whispers of "activity" in the neighbourhood of Petsamo, but it is hardly *via* the Far North that the attack will come, if it comes. Meanwhile, the winter approaches—a winter that descends more rapidly and more decisively in Eastern Europe than in our island country. Can the Russians hold out until the increasing cold puts an end to *blitz* tactics?

Here Be Whales!

The average man of middle-age remembers very little of the geography taught to him at school. There was, of course, a fairly intensive study of the chief towns of the thirty-two counties of Ireland, accompanied by a half-hearted effort to learn lists of lakes, bays, headlands, rivers and mountains. There was a sort of quick run-over of the counties of England and Scotland, which served the purpose of leaving a rough impression in the student's mind of where the various counties were: he got to know that Yorkshire and Lancashire were in the north, Hampshire and Sussex in the south, and Cornwall at the south-western tip. The chief countries of Europe and their capitals provided more interesting fare, as well as the trips to Africa, Asia and America, with special reference to those parts of the globe upon which, in a collective sense, "the sun never sets." The very keen and very intelligent student might know quite a lot about the topographical lay-out of the world when he left school, but it is feared that the majority had only a sketchy idea of it. Most people would have been unable to state off-hand to which South American State Buenos Aires belonged, or to place New Guinea without hesitation in its appropriate ocean. That remissness was scarcely the fault of the teachers. There is so much of geography that it all cannot be absorbed in a few years. It is in the years after school that the subject increases in interest and importance because of the happenings associated with the different countries and cities. War, of course, is the greatest teacher of geography. It also is a teacher of history to those who are stimulated by its incidence to search for the causes of modern disputes in events that took place in the past. The Abyssinian campaign, for example, taught newspaper readers a great deal about the disposition of the East African countries and their chief towns. Many of them learnt—for the first time, no doubt—about Abyssinia's long-established conversion to Christianity, about the splendid titles used by Haile Selassie, Lion of Judah, and about Prester John.

The present war has familiarised people with the names and positions of the countries bordering on the Baltic Sea, of many places in Eastern Europe, and of the towns that have been figuring in the Near Eastern campaigns. Another generation has become expert on Balkan geography and Balkan politics. The geography taught by the present war, however, is different from that of the past. Distances are one of the most important factors in geography; for an intelligent appreciation of the subject must link it intimately with terms of transport. One hundred miles of uncharted desert, of unexplored forest or of barren ice-field, represented as great a distance, when one thought of the time required to cover it, as did a thousand, or maybe a hundred thousand, miles in a country equipped with modern roads. These considerations do not matter so much to-day; for most of the country that is being figuratively viewed by the student, whether at school or in a newspaper, is being viewed, in fact, from an aeroplane or from the operations room of an airport. A trip from London to Berlin, for example, no longer suggests the boat-train to Dover, the Channel crossing, and the railway journey through France and Germany; the modern trip is a straight line from base to destination. The same sort of airman's reasoning makes the geographical significance of Scotland, Iceland, the Faroes and Norway seem entirely different from the conception that the middle-aged man received at school. To him the Scandinavian countries were "away up in the north of Europe"—touching the Arctic circle, in fact; to the modern student the great fact is that Stavanger is within bombing distance of aircraft based on Scotland. While the bombing aspect well might be disregarded by the schools, the modern teacher, we hope, is keeping in mind the airman's attitude to geography; for his is the really natural attitude—looking down on the country over which he is flying, just as the student looks down at the atlas or globe. Furthermore, the airman looks wide, and hat surely should be the way of the student, even if considerations of commerce in its relation to his subject compel him occasionally to leave his 'plane and wander through railway yards or along the banks of rivers.

Football in War-time

The principal effect of the war upon Association football in the twenty-six counties has been to restrict the length of the playing season. The number of senior clubs has been reduced by two, and the difficulties of transport have imposed a serious tax upon the finances and the ingenuity of clubs travelling to or from the country. Matches in the month of August and at the tail-end of the season might—very probably would—have been run at a loss, and consequently the period of play has been reduced to what are the most profitable months. Since the last meeting of the League of Ireland, however, the train services have been curtailed so considerably that further alterations may have to be made in the plans of the big clubs. The outlook is not so satisfactory as it seemed a few weeks ago, but, in contrast with the troubles with which clubs in England and Northern Ireland have been faced in the last year, the lot of footballers on this side of the border has been remarkably clear from serious worry. In England the calling up of players turned the big teams topsy-turvy; war work and the danger of air raids reduced attendances to a tenth of what they were in peace-time; and transport restrictions caused the big leagues to be carved up into sections which do not contain very much interest. In the six counties the Irish League was turned into a "regional" league, with some of the best-known of the Northern clubs missing. These changes, however, were only a sample of what was to come, and a series of emergencies has made prospects for the coming season decidedly gloomy. In England the London clubs have rebelled against the way in which the "regions" were constituted, on the ground that they were being asked to travel unfair distances to some of their matches; they have formed a competition of their own, and a breach—which, of course, will be closed with no need for apologies when the war ends—has been created between them and the other members of the English League. In Belfast the Glentoran Club threatens to go out of football until its badly-damaged ground can be used again; two additional country clubs have ceased to exist, and the Intermediate League is a patchy combination in comparison with what it used to be. When Shelbourne, Shamrock Rovers or Bohemians are setting out on their bicycles to travel to Cork United or Limerick, they will be able to console themselves with the reflection that up to the present they escaped the worst effects of the *blitz* upon football.

COURT AND PERSONAL

The Marchioness of Willingdon was among the guests at a reception given by the Welcome Committee of the Overseas League last week to meet members of the Allied Governments and Allied officers. Sir Jocelyn Lucas, M.P., and Lady Lucas received the guests.

Lady Mary Hermon spent the week-end in Dublin.

Mr. Geoffrey Palmer has arrived in Dublin.

Mrs. Eustace Duckett, who spent last week in Dublin, has returned to Carlow.

Miss Mollie O'Rorke, M.F.H., arrived in Dublin from Galway last week for the jumping competitions.

Lady Trimlestown and Miss Kay Nixon gave a sherry party yesterday at Newton House, Blackrock.

The engagement is announced between Dermod Milmo, M.B., B.Ch., of "Holmwood," Clipstone, near Mansfield, Notts, and Eileen Clare, eldest daughter of the late Martin E. White and Mrs. White, of Mulkear Lodge, Limerick, and Holly Park, Craughwell, Co. Galway.

The marriage arranged between Stephen, third son of Mr. and Mrs. John White, Liffeybank, Dublin, and Doris, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Lowe Watson, Kilmacolm, Sydney Parade, Dublin, will take place at Sandymount Methodist Church on Tuesday, 23rd September, at 12 noon.

The marriage between Sean J., son of the late John Muldoon, K.C., and Mrs. Muldoon, 36 Clarinda Park, E., Dun Laoghaire, and Rosemary, daughter of the late John Coyle and Mrs. Coyle, 1 Mespil road, will take place on Saturday, 16th August, at St. Mary's Church, Haddington road.

The marriage arranged between Patrick J. Heffernan, National Bank, Moate, and Enda Hannon, Main street, Moate, will take place quietly in September.

The marriage arranged between Charles Anthony Steward, 9th Lancers, and Feridah Lucretia Farrell will take place at St. Mary's, Moynalty, Co. Meath, on Saturday, the 23rd of August, at 11.45 a.m.

Mr. J. H. Coolican has left 13 Fitzwilliam place until 8th September.

Dr. Herbert Wright has left 59 Merrion square until 1st September.

Doctor P. T. O'Farrell has returned to 66 Lower Baggot street.

Dr. Brendan O'Brien has left 65 Fitzwilliam square for one week.

Dr. Stafford Johnson has returned to 15 Fitzwilliam square.

Dr. S. V. Furlong has returned to 25 Fitzwilliam square and 16 Pembroke road.

Doctor A. P. Fagan has left his residence, 23 Fitzwilliam place, until September 5th.

Dr. Ellerker has returned to Monte Vista, Dundrum.

Mr. A. R. Mallet has left 22 Clare street till 1st September.

Mr. John F. Leonard, B.D.S., has left 1 Upper Leeson street until 25th August.

Mr. Frank O'Dea has left Merrion square until September 1st.

New Brush Wool Twin Sets are being shown at Switzers in a range of over twenty beautiful Autumn Colours—at 25/6 and 35/6 per set; also Ribbed, in same colours, at 23/6.

Richard Alans, 58 Grafton street, have just received a large consignment of Canadian Silver Foxes. The selection includes a variety of half silver and full silver skins. Suitable for Ties, Capes and Boleros. Prices range from 10½ guineas to 17 guineas.

At Miss Doran's Salons, Dawson street, Tailored Suits, Coats, with matching Millinery; Two-piece Ensembles, Dinner and Afternoon Frocks, Furs, etc., etc., will be shown this week.

Come to Osberstown House, Naas, for quiet, restful holiday. Fully licensed. Terms moderate. Apply the Management.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle Wear. Dixon and Hempenstall, Grafton street.

In Chinese Blue Tweed, a Smart Coat with the new Dolman Sleeve, for 7½ guineas, at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

Children's Shoes for Holiday Wear.—Stephens and Bourke and branches.

To Ladies.—Ladies' Department for Medical Appliances. Artificial Silk Elastic Stockings, or Lastex and Lastestar Stockings, stretching both ways.—Fannin and Co., Ltd., 41 Grafton street.

Our only address is 114 St. Stephen's Green (Harcourt street end).—C. Jones and Sons, Ltd., Renovators and Decorators. 'Phone 51555.

Sharpley's, Specialists, Baby Linen, Nursery Accouchement Sets. Price List—2 Nassau St., Dublin.

ON THE WIRELESS

IRISH PROGRAMME

6.30—Light Music. **6.40**—Stock Exchange, Sports Results, Official Announcements. **6.45**—News. **7**—"Private Kelly Does His Bit." **7.30**—Celebrity Concert. **8**—"Lorgaireacht Ghleann na Smol." Eachtraí Bleachtaire Umhir a 5—"An Deamhan Fola." Ciaran O Nuallain do cheap. **8.20**—Organ Recital, relayed from Mullingar Cathedral. **8.50**—"Our Health Through Food." A series of talks by Dr. E. M. Dixon. No. 1—"What is Food." **9.5**—Irish Radio Orchestra and Richard Mulgleic (tenor). A programme of Sea Pieces. **10**—Variety. **10.10**—English. **10.30**—"Top of the Bill." A programme of variety stars.

B.B.C. PROGRAMME

7—News. **7.15**—Records. **7.30**—Records. **7.55**—Lift Up Your Hearts! **8**—News. **8.15**—Kitchen Front. **8.20**—Records. **9**—Orchestra. **9.40**—Organ. **10.5**—Schools. **10.15**—Service. **10.30**—Music While You Work. **11**—Schools. **11.20**—B.B.C. Orchestra. **12**—"Lunch Interval." **12.30**—"Any Questions?" **1**—News. **1.30**—Brahms. **2**—Band. **2.40**—Ernest Leggett. **3**—Music While You Work. **3.30**—"The Play's the Thing." **4**—"Pianoforte." **4.15**—"These Four Walls." **4.30**—Violin Music. **5**—News in Welsh. **5.5**—Discussion in Welsh. **5.20**—Children's Hour. **6**—News. **6.30**—News in Norwegian. **6.45**—Promenade Concert. **7.30**—"Small Change." **7.45**—"Come to the Cookhouse Door." **8**—"Monday Night at Eight." **9**—News. **9.20**—"The Chinese Puzzle." **10.15**—Piano. **10.45**—News in Gaelic. **10.50**—Cabaret. **11.20**—Jack Payne. **12**—News.

FORCES PROGRAMME

6.30—Records. **7**—News. **7.15**—Records. **7.30**—Records. **8**—News. **10.30**—Music While You Work. **11**—Dance Band. **11.45**—Negro Spirituals. **12**—"Lunch Interval." **12.30**—Break for Music. **12**—News. **1.15**—"Anniversaries." **1.45**—"Dance and Dust." **2.30**—Ernest Leggett. **3**—"Magna Carta." **3.10**—Yorkshire Cricket. **3.30**—Canadians Entertain. **4**—Pianoforte. **4.15**—Dance Orchestra. **4.55**—"Stars in Their Courses." **5.15**—"Ack-Ack, Beer-Beer." **6**—News. **6.30**—"Britain and its Music." **7**—"The Leathern Funnel." **7.20**—Radio Rhythm Club. **7.45**—"Come to the Cookhouse Door." **8**—Monday Night at Eight." **9**—News. **9.20**—"Private Smith Entertains." **9.45**—Canadian News-Letter. **10**—Harry Roy. **10.30**—Organ. **10.50**—Close down.

HOWTH DISTRICT COUNCIL

IS PRESENT POSITION UNECONOMIC?

Howth Urban Council, at its meeting to-morrow evening will consider a motion by Councillor Burke, deploring the delay in implementing the findings and recommendations of the Local Government (Dublin) Tribunal, to the effect that the maintenance of the Urban District of Howth as a distinct entity was uneconomic.

The text of Councillor Burke's motion is: "That, in view of the criticism of the Ministry for Local Government and Public Health throughout the country generally and the recent attitude of the Ministry towards other Dublin public bodies in instituting public inquiries into their administration, this Council again draws attention to the findings of the Local Government (Dublin) Tribunal which sat and heard evidence six years ago, to the effect that the maintenance of the Urban District of Howth as a distinct entity was uneconomic, and, as this was agreed on and reported on by the Tribunal, as set forth in their report which was issued three years later (in 1938), this Council deplores the delay in implementing the consequent findings and recommendations of the Tribunal. That the Howth Urban District Council also draws attention to the fact of their accounts not having been audited by the Local Government auditor for the past three years, although it would appear that there is a statutory obligation to have such accounts duly audited and reported on annually."

LONDON LETTER

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
SUNDAY NIGHT.

PARLIAMENTARIANS are now taking a short holiday, and the House of Commons is deserted and its members scattered near and far. It was quite time that there was a recess, since there is noticeable a feeling of strain and irritation which tended to become bad temper on slight provocation. In the circumstances, everybody felt that a short holiday was necessary, and greeted its appearance with relief. The Ministers will not get the full benefit of the break, since they are to relieve one another, each getting a few days free; but they all have to be within easy reach of Downing street. Parliament is likely to have a strenuous autumn session, since the war demands constant attention, and it will be all to the good that members shall have had a short rest to fit themselves for the fray.

The Only Premier

While there was much disappointment among members that Mr. Churchill was unable to make a statement on the war before the House of Commons adjourned, they agree that Mr. Churchill has spent more time in the House than many other Prime Ministers, and, in addition, has made more speeches. The general opinion in Parliament is that Mr. Churchill's leadership remains unimpaired and that his mastery of the House of Commons is complete. There may have been occasions lately, particularly in connection with the Ministry of Production question, when Mr. Churchill appeared to resent criticism; but occasions when he has failed to respond to the temper of the House have been very rare, and it is obvious to everybody that there is no other Prime Minister for Britain possible.

The Evacuation

Under the title "The Schools in Wartime" the Ministry of Information, on behalf of the Board of Education, has issued a pictorial history of the greatest transfer of population ever undertaken in Britain. The great migration from the evacuation to the reception areas started on September 1st, 1939, two days before the declaration of war, and in three days 1,150,000 people, of whom a half were children, had been transported by rail and road to their new homes. By Christmas most of the children were receiving full-time education, and then came the reaction, when lack of immediate danger caused a trek back home. Threat of air raids was afterwards accompanied by danger of invasion, and the whole scheme of evacuation had to be re-cast, and a new scheme was drawn up to meet the changed situation. The general health and well-being of the children is shown to be good, and fears that town boys and girls would not take to the country proved unfounded.

Irish Seed

At the annual conference of the National Allotments Society during the week-end the question of Government control of the retail prices of seed potatoes was raised, and complaints were made that not only have prices been too high, but many of the potatoes bought by allotment associations have been far from satisfactory in quality. The demand is made that there shall be a larger measure of control, particularly regarding quality, so that there may be no repetition of the cases of exploitation that occurred last season. In view of these criticisms it is noteworthy that the reputation of Irish seed potatoes stands high owing to the rigid system of inspection carried out by the Irish Department of Agriculture.

Canon Ring

London's East End is in mourning for its greatest Irish priest, Canon Timothy Ring, who was so beloved that the Irish called him the Saint of Stepney. For over half a century Father Ring worked for the people of the East End, and was successful in the building of churches and schools in a centre where he started with Mass for nine people in a stable. One of his most successful efforts was the establishment of a Catholic central school for East London, and numbers of men owe successful careers to Father Ring, who not only had them educated, but strove to find them good jobs afterwards. The East Enders will demonstrate their affection for the Canon by a great funeral, when Cardinal Hinsley will be present.

Cosmetics Scarce

One of the effects of the war is the shortage of beauty preparations for the use of women, and London chemists are now making up their own cosmetics, because nearly all the well-known brands are in short supply. Reports say that these unknown preparations are proving to be quite good, and are being willingly accepted in the absence of the better-known goods. Rouge, lipstick and eye shadow are things difficult to obtain, and, though these are not easily manufactured, some chemists are turning out limited supplies. Face powder is another thing, and a very difficult one, as women are spoiled by the great range of shades they have been accustomed to; but even here the chemists have come to the rescue with a limited number of popular shades.

AN IRISHMAN'S DIARY

Trains

A few days ago I had the pleasure of travelling half of the journey from Bray to Dublin in an empty carriage, and the other half with only two other passengers for company. In these days of restricted train services and, consequently, crammed carriages, this is a novelty worth writing about.

It happened like this. The eleven-five for Harcourt street arrived at Bray fully half an hour late. It was crammed. I fought to get standing room.

Ten minutes later the train was still in Bray Station, while an abnormal quantity of milk churns was being tucked away in the guard's van.

I decided to fight my way out of the carriage, and hope for better luck with a Westland row train.

The train groaned its way out of the station. Scarcely were its rear buffers out of sight when an empty train backed into the station and a guard said: "Harcourt street train."

Ten minutes before I had fought my way on to a Harcourt street train; now I stepped into an empty carriage. We picked up very few passengers on the way; but the packed train, no doubt, got more and more overcrowded as it proceeded.

Dublin's Island of Rats

St. Stephen's Green, I observe, offers a new, if not generally inviting, interest. The ornamental island in the centre of the lake has developed an active, and obviously growing, population of rats.

Strollers through the Green evidently find the movements and antics of the rodents fascinating, for the path by the lakeside is seldom without its goodly company of watchers, among whom, I have been surprised to note, there are to be encountered some who even admire the repellent creatures.

I expressed my reprobation of this to a man looking on yesterday, but was advised for my pains that there are circumstances in which a rat may prove a good enough companion for a human being, as witness (I was advised) the rat that broke the prison loneliness of the Count of Monte Cristo in the Château D'If.

It is not, of course, easy to determine the reaction of the water fowl—who have their living quarters on the island—in regard of this rat-invasion. From the lake-side, however, the birds would seem to be indifferent, certainly unafraid, and the rodents non-aggressive, for one species comes into the midst of the other with easy abandon.

Once I saw one of the great white patrol birds chase a rat up the slope, but, upon the other hand, have quite frequently seen the fowl calmly step aside in order to allow a scurrying rodent to pass.

Christian Names

Are we too polite? Lately, having some business to do in a Government office, I was struck by the mechanical politeness of our servants of the State. There nobody was plain Mike or Mary; it was all "Miss" and "Mister." Is this necessary? I think not. I am always interested to hear a person's Christian name, and I think there is a mountain of difference between, say, Paddy and Dudley or Biddy and Olive.

The few hardy bodies who go through life calling almost total strangers by their Christian names, as soon as they hear them, are often disliked.

This "smashing" of the barriers of reserve is hotly resented by some. The fellow has a cheek if he is not a downright bounder.

But is not it more homely, more democratic, and certainly more colourful to call people by their Christian names, whether or not you have gone to school with them or are thirty years their junior?

Mainly for Cyclists

I have just received a copy of the *Irish Cycling Annual*, by J. C. Coleman, which has been published by the Columbian Press.

This engaging little book, which deals mainly with problems which confront people who intend to spend their summer holidays on wheels, is an admirably turned out article.

If I were a keen cyclist—which, owing to certain lazy tendencies, I must admit I am not—I should be most interested in this book; for it tells one everything that is to be known about cycling, from the choice of the equipment to the choice of the routes.

The book also includes many photographs of beauty spots in the country which are on the cycle routes referred to in the text.

Lastly, but by no means leastly, there is an excellent article which should be studied by every cyclist, called "Byroadology," and it consists of a much-needed lesson on the best method to use a by-road, with the least possible danger to all others concerned.

Murals

There is a "pub" in Dublin, having none of your brass knobs, chrome chairs or little roundy tables, which has yet several fine murals on its walls.

No innovation, either: they've been there for donkey's years. Depicting scenes of old Dublin, they are so detailed that my friend and I spent an hour or more scrutinising and discussing them, during which our pints went quite flat.

Incidentally, fish and chip shops have been patrons of the mural painter for years. Nor do they, to judge by their gorgeous colours and (unconsciously) impressionistic form, shy at purely local talent.

Here the house painter who "draws an odd picture" is given a free hand. The result is often enough to make the artistic soul go off his chips, but the normal patron likes his "single" with a little dash of colour.

QUIDNUNC.

ADDITIONAL TEA FOR RAILWAYMEN

Certain Irish railway workers are to get more than the fixed half ounce ration of tea.

The Minister for Supplies (Mr. Sean Lemass) has adopted a scheme proposed by the Federation of Irish Rail and Road Workers, under which the additional rations will be granted to all grades of railwaymen whose employment involves their absence from home for extensive periods. The rates will be half ounce in any week in which the man concerned is less than three days away from home, and one ounce when his absence from home exceeds three days. The railway company will issue vouchers to the men enabling them to receive the addit

COMMUNITY KITCHENS—II.

WORK OF THE OLDER ORGANISATIONS

Visits to Dining Halls

BY AN "IRISH TIMES" SPECIAL COMMISSIONER.

THE start of any investigation into communal feeding in Dublin must be an inquiry into the operation of the charity dining halls — generally known as the "Penny Dinners"— which existed long before there was any question of an "emergency," in the modern sense of the term.

There are at least nine of these centres, plus certain others which will be dealt with separately, as they cater for special groups. The nine I can list are:—St. Brigid's Penny Dinners, Hollies row; Little Flower Penny Dinners, Meath street; Meath street Dining Rooms; St. Anthony's Penny Dinners, Seville place; Lourdes House, Upper Buckingham street; Mendicity Institute, Usher's Island; Sandwith street Penny Dinners; St. Joseph's Penny Dinners, Cumberland street. There may be others.

PENNY DINNERS

While it was impossible to visit all of the dining-rooms, I chose some representative establishments. The first of these, which is an excellent example, was the establishment at Hollies row, which is run by the Bon Secours Nuns and started operations nine years ago. For one penny—for nothing if he, or she, hasn't the penny—the diner receives a plate of stew, bread pudding (occasionally rice), a cup of cocoa (or tea, if available) and a slice of bread and jam. The stew, which Sister Celestine, who is in charge of the dining-room, was kind enough to show me, contained minced beef and vegetables. Cabbage was also provided, but it is not always available owing to the high prices. The potatoes are cooked in the stew, and it is here that the smaller potatoes, regarded as too small for table use, can be utilised. They are cleaned in a machine and are just right for the stew, since their size saves the work of cutting them up. To supplement the vegetable supply for this kitchen the nuns have dug up the grass plot between their convent and the dining-hall, and this yields a small, but good, crop. An indication of the need for cultivating every available piece of land to provide food.

500 A DAY

An average of five hundred persons a day are fed in this dining-hall, dinner-time being 2 p.m. If pushed to it the nuns could feed another 200, but, of course, they would need more funds. The dining-room is maintained by voluntary contributions and gifts of food, but sometimes the money is pretty short. Tea and cocoa may disappear from the menu here and elsewhere in the near future unless fresh supplies can be obtained. An indication of costs is provided by the fact that, although strict economy is exercised, the gas bill is about £80 a year. A paid staff of five maids is employed.

The Meath Street Dining Rooms, controlled by the Women's Christian Total Abstinence Union, are run on a slightly different basis, although they cater for about the same numbers. Mrs. Edwin W. Booth described its operations to me. The dining rooms were established six years ago and provide two meals a day—breakfast and dinner. Breakfast costs 3d. to 5d., depending on the size of the portions demanded, and consists of tea, porridge, fried bread, bread and marmalade. Dinner consists of stew (3d. and 4d.), a pudding (bread or cereal, 2d. and 3d.). The meals are substantial, and the prices charged do not cover their cost, the deficit being in the neighbourhood of £200 a year, which has to be made up by voluntary contributions and the proceeds of a sale of work. Five paid hands are employed in these dining-rooms, and here, again, I heard the plea for donations of vegetables, fruit and jam.

VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS

In the same district is the dining hall of the Little Flower Penny Dinners, run by a guild of voluntary workers. Some 400 dinners are provided here each day, plus another 250 which people take away home in cans. The cost of the meal to the purchaser is one penny for a meat stew, and another penny for bread and jam and tea. Here, again, the deficit is made up by voluntary contributions, and one of the priests of the parish told me that a recent bill for potatoes for two months amounted to £72 14s.

He drew attention to the fact that there had been a temporary slackening in numbers attending the diningrooms, and he believed this to be due to the fact that a number of men from the district have found work in England and are sending money home for the support of their families. The coming winter, he believes, will put the attendance figures up again, although there is a pride in the district which keeps many people away.

On the north side of the city I passed by the Convent of the Sisters of Charity in Seville place—the home of the St. Anthony Penny Dinners—at dinner-time, and was struck by the large number of children who had been sent by their parents to "draw rations" in cans for consumption at home.

SEGREGATION OF SEXES

The dinner-time varies considerably at these centres—from 11.30 a.m. in some, to 2.30 p.m. in others. Another point, for which I could see no adequate explanation, was the segregation of the sexes in some places—women having their meals first and the men waiting outside until they had finished. If it is a question of accommodation the policy of "First come, first served," would be better than segregation of sexes, which in many cases means splitting a family at dinner-time. Of course, better still would be a development of the kitchen services, everyone taking their meals home. But many of the "customers" at the dining halls go to them to sit in the warm atmosphere for a little while as well as to eat their food: it is more comfortable than a fireless room in a tenement, and there will be many fireless rooms this winter.

I was unable to find any reliable guide to the costing of meals in these centres; none of those visited attempted costing—they have had to exist on a hand-to-mouth basis, and have been too busy for detailed investigation of this side of the communal feeding problem.

Open air dancing at the Turf Festival at Lullymore Bog.

M.P.'S ATTACK ON MR. CHURCHILL

TAKING TOO MUCH ON HIS SHOULDERS

MR. EMANUEL SHINWELL, M.P., at Seaham Harbour yesterday, criticised Mr. Churchill for "taking too much on his own shoulders," and alleged that Mr. Churchill, instead of sacking "his failures," promoted them. "He wants to be Prime Minister and everything else," said Mr. Shinwell.

"There is no man in this country big enough to take upon his own shoulders the whole task of administration. He must be prepared to co-operate with others, to delegate duties to colleagues, and to trust them.

"There is no room in this country for dictators. Our task is to fight dictatorship, not to encourage it. What Mr. Churchill must realise is that it is necessary to have around him men who not only have the ability to do a job, but are given a free hand to undertake the task allotted to them.

RESENTMENT OF CRITICISM

"Mr. Churchill's resentment of criticism is hard to understand. He was himself the chief critic of his day and generation. Therefore, it does not lie in the mouth of Mr. Churchill to complain of criticism."

If the coal mines had been unified at the beginning of the war under direct State control, leaving the administration in the hands of those who understood how to run the industry, said Mr. Shinwell, he doubted whether there would have been a coal shortage. I do not blame the Secretary for Mines for the present position. It is the Government who are to blame. It is now suggested that the Secretary for Mines be transferred to another post and that he might be sent to some part of the Empire.

"This would be in accordance with Government technique. Mr. Oliver Lyttelton, Mr Duff Cooper, Mr. Malcolm Macdonald and others have been sent abroad. In fact, the Colonies and Dominions are becoming a dump for Government failures.

"Churchill does not sack his failures. He promotes them. Indeed, your best chance of promotion in the Government is to commit blunders. Then you'll have a real opportunity of becoming a big shot."

HORSE-JUMPING AT BALLSBRIDGE

WINNER OF CHILDREN'S CHAMPIONSHIP

EXCELLENT high jumping over poles was a feature of the evening in the jumping enclosure at Ballsbridge on Saturday, and at 5ft. 6ins. the winner was Mr. David McCreedy's Meta, who had six perfect rounds. When she and Bounder, owned by Mr. Richard Collen, cleared 5ft. 5ins. on the fifth round the poles went up an inch. Bounder failed, but Meta negotiated them in grand style, and Sea Point and Prudence, who went out at 5ft. 5ins., divided the third and fourth prizes.

Meta also carried off the honours in the sweepstakes over the fly fences. Mr. McElligott's Little Nell had the best first round with only three faults, one less than Meta and Sea Point; but on the jump-off Meta did not make the semblance of a mistake. Little Nell, however, knocked the first fence, making her total seven, and the in-and-out poles were the undoing of Sea Point, who was third with eight faults.

Eleven-year-old Miss Nan Scannell, on her sister Maura's Miss Rita, who tied with Worthy Buck in the children's competition on Friday, took the Children's Championship Cup by another highly finished display. Worthy Buck incurred four faults on the first round, and eventually the issue was left to Miss Rita and Miss Quirke's South Tipperary. The latter hit the single pole and gate—eight faults—whereas Miss Rita gave another unblemished exhibition, and departed from the show grounds without a single fault registered against her on either day. The Consolation was won by Colonel L. Hayes's Desmond King without fault of any kind.

Mrs. R. Lanigan-O'Keefe clearing the stone wall on her Merry Point to win 3rd prize in Competition L. at the R.D.S.

RESULTS

COMPETITION H—High jump over poles. First, £20; second, £15; third, £10; fourth, £5.

Mr. D. McCreedy's Meta ..... Mr. P. McConaghie 1

Mr. R. Collen's Bounder ..... Mr. B. O'Neill 2

Major Hume Dudgeon's Sea Point (Miss K. Hume Dudgeon) and Mr. J. Bamber's Prudence (Mr. M. Bamber) tied for third and fourth prizes.

Twenty-one competed.

COMPETITION K—Over special course, all fly-fences. A sweepstake of £1 each, with £30 added.

Mr. D. McCreedy's Meta (4 faults) ..... Mr. R. McConaghie 1

Mr. R. McElligott's Little Nell (7 faults) ..... Owner 2

Major Hume Dudgeon's Sea Point (8 faults)..Miss K. Hume Dudgeon 3

Mr. E. J. Connolly's Auction Maid (15 faults), Mr. B. O'Neill and Mr. D. McCreedy's Snow White (15 faults) divided fourth prize.

Twenty-seven competed.

COMPETITION L—Consolation—Over the course. First £15, second £10, third and fourth £5 each.

Colonel L. Hayes's Diamond King (no faults).....Mr. S. Hayes 1

Miss U. Reddy's Miss Ireland (2 faults) ..... Owner 2

Mrs. R. Lanigan-O'Keeffe's Merry Point (3 faults) ..... Owner 3

Major Hume Dudgeon's Goblet (5 faults) (Mr. J. Hume Dudgeon), Commandant P. Fahy's Warrigal (5 faults) (Mr. S. Hayes), and Rev. M. J. O'Reilly's Kilbragh (5 faults) (Owner) tied for fourth prize.

Twenty-eight competed.

COMPETITION M—Children's Riding and Jumping Championship. First, Championship Silver Cup; 2nd £3.

Miss Maura Scannell's Miss Rita (no faults).....Miss Nan Scannell 1

Miss E. Quirke's South Tipp (8 faults) ..... Owner 2

Miss T. Hyde's Seamus ..... Miss M. Hyde 3

Seven competed.

The R.D.S. Show Ground Premises were disinfected with Jeyes' Fluid. —(Advt.)

TEA STOLEN BY MILITARY

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

NAVAN, Saturday.

"It is an outrageous thing for members in a force to break into a store and take away property and distribute it," stated District Justice Goff at Navan when he sentenced Private Patrick Flannery and Private Patrick Byrne each to one month's imprisonment on a charge of entering a storeroom and stealing 23lbs. of tea, the property of the Minister for Defence.

Mrs. Elizabeth Fay, Butterstream, Navan, and Mrs. Mary Gaughran, same place, who pleaded guilty to receiving quantities of tea, were bound over in their own bail for three years and ordered to pay compensation.

BRITISH AID TO RUSSIA

Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, M.P. for Seaham, at Wheatley Hill, Durham, on Saturday, said:—We have given a solemn pledge to render aid to our Russian ally, and the nation will soon expect that pledge to be fulfilled. . . . Whatever measures are decided upon they should be undertaken without delay, otherwise the whole nation will express its disappointment with the Government in no uncertain manner.

MATRICULATION.
Special Day Class for Sept. Exam. SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Grn.—(Advt.)

QUEEN'S BROADCAST TO U.S.

BRITAIN WILL NOT FORGET

"We Shall Go Forward To Build A Happier World"

LONDON, Sunday.

IN a message to the women of America to-night, the Queen told the people of the United States that Britain would not forget the sacrifices they were making.

"Believe me," she said simply, "and I am speaking for millions of us who know the bitter, but also the proud, sorrow of war, we are grateful."

The Queen, whose broadcast was heard in the British Home and Forces programmes, as well as on the American systems, described the "magnificent courage and amazing endurance" of the women of Britain in the terrors of war. The help of the women of America was giving strength to their sisters in Britain, she said. "I look to the day when we shall go forward hand in hand to build a better, a kinder and a happier world for our children."

HER MAJESTY'S MESSAGE

"It is just over two years since I spoke to the American people, and my purpose then was to thank countless friends for much kindness. It is to those same friends, and of even greater kindness that I want to speak to-day.

"We, like yourselves, love peace, and have not devoted the years behind us to the planning of death and destruction.

"As yet, save in the valour of our people, we have not matched our enemies, and it is only now that we are beginning to marshal around us in their full strength, the devotion and resources of our great British family of Nations, which will in the end, please God, assuredly prevail.

"Through these waiting months a heavy burden is being borne by our people. As I go among them, I marvel at their unshakeable constancy. In many cities their homes lie in ruins, as do many of those ancient buildings which you know and love hardly less than we do ourselves. Women and children have been killed, and even the sufferers in hospital have not been spared.

"Yet hardship has only steeled our hearts and strengthened our resolution. Wherever I go I see bright eyes and smiling faces, for though our road is stony and hard, it is straight, and we know that we fight in a great cause.

INSTANT HELP

"It is not our way in dark days to turn for support to others, but, even had we been minded so to do, your instant help would have forestalled us. The warmth and sympathy of American generosity has touched beyond measure the hearts of all of us living and fighting in these islands.

"We can, and shall, never forget that in the hour of our greatest need you came forward with clothes for the homeless, food for the hungry, comfort for those who were sorely afflicted.

"Canteens, ambulances and medical supplies have come in an unceasing flow from the United States. I find it hard to tell you of our gratitude in adequate terms, though I ask you to believe that it is deep and sincere beyond expression.

"Unless you have been, as I have seen, just how your gifts have been put to use you cannot know, perhaps, the solace which you have brought to the men and women of Britain, who are suffering and toiling in the cause of freedom.

WOMEN'S WORK

"Here in Britain our women are working in factory and field, turning the lathe and gathering the harvest; for we must have food as well as munitions. Their courage is magnificent, their endurance amazing.

"I have seen them in many different activities. They are serving in their thousands with the Navy, Army and Air Force, driving heavy lorries, cooking, cyphering, typing, and every one of them working cheerfully and bravely under all conditions.

"Many are on the land, our precious soil, driving the plough, and making a grand job of it. Others are air-raid wardens or ambulance drivers. Thousands of undaunted women, who, quietly and calmly, face the terrors of the night bombings, bringing strength and courage to the people they protect and help.

THE NURSES

"I must give a special word to the nurses, those wonderful women, whose devotion, whose heroism will never be forgotten. In the black horror of a bombed hospital they never falter, and, though often wounded, think always of their patients, and never of themselves.

"And I need not remind you, who set as much store by your home life as we do, how great are the difficulties which our housewives have to face nowadays, and how gallantly they are tackling them.

"I could continue the list almost indefinitely, so manifold is the service which our women in Britain are giving. But I want to tell you that, whatever the nature of their daily or nightly work, they are cheered by the evidence of your thought for them. We like to picture you knitting on your porches, serving in your coffee rooms, and helping in a hundred ways to bring relief to our civilian garrison here.

"Though I speak for us all in Britain in thanking all of you in America, I feel I would like to send a special message of thanks to American women.

MARK OF THE GOOD NEIGHBOUR

"It gives us strength to know that you have not been content to pass us by on the other side. To us in the time of our tribulation you have surely shown that compassion which has been for two thousand years the mark of the good neighbour.

"Believe me, and I am speaking for millions of us who know the bitter, but also proud, sorrow of war, we are grateful. We shall not forget your sacrifice.

"The sympathy which inspires it springs not only from our common speech and the traditions which we share with you, but even more from our common ideals.

"To you tyranny is as hateful as it is to us. To you the things for which we will fight to the death are no less sacred, and—to my mind, at any rate—your generosity is born of your conviction that we fight to save a cause that is yours no less than ours. Our high resolve is that, however great the cost and however long the struggle, justice and freedom, human dignity and kindness shall not perish from the earth.

"I look to the day when we shall go forward hand in hand to build a better, a kinder and a happier world for our children. May God bless you all."

QUEEN'S BROADCAST PLEASES U.S.

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, Sunday.

Over 50,000,000 Americans, many of them sitting in their cars at the roadside, were estimated by radio officials to have heard the Queen's speech to-day.

It was broadcast throughout the United States on the three major networks, and was so popular that one station scheduled it for re-broadcast five hours later.

An official of the National Broadcasting Co. told the Associated Press: "The Queen spoke slowly and distinctly. She has a good radio voice—much better than Mrs. Roosevelt, who is a trained radio speaker."

A Columbia official said: "The Queen's radio voice is extremely good, with excellent pitch and enunciation perfect."

"One woman listener told Reuter that she was very impressed with the Queen's perfect enunciation and with the message whereby "American women now seem more intimately in touch with the women of England."

INTRODUCING
Nylex THE NYLON TOOTHBRUSH
WHAT NYLON IS!
Nylon is a wonderful new material discovered after years of laboratory research which surpasses in every way best quality bristles.

Best bristle brush was wrecked after 70,000 scrubs on glass rods.
NYLEX Toothbrush with Nylon tufts was still like new after same test.

WHAT NYLON DOES!
NYLON outlasts 3 best Bristle Brushes.
NYLON dries immediately after use, and, unlike Bristle, does not become soggy.
NYLON maintains throughout its long life complete cleansing qualities.
NYLON means that harsh treatment to the delicate enamel and gums is a thing of the past.
NYLON makes Dental Hygiene a pleasure.

INSIST ON 24 Nylex The NYLON Toothbrush
ON SALE AT ALL GOOD CHEMISTS & STORES
Attaway

Nylex Toothbrushes
CAN BE OBTAINED AT ALL BRANCHES OF
HAYES CONYNGHAM & ROBINSON, Ltd.
Attaway

ROCHES
Introduce and enthusiastically recommend NYLEX, the new toothbrush.
CHEMISTS
Exclusive full range of models at
50 LOWER O'CONNELL ST. | 61 UPPER O'CONNELL ST. | DUBLIN

No. 44
The Quality Lace for Boots & Shoes
Here is a lace to add lustre to the most expensive footwear. A super lace of finest cotton, smart yet durable.
Like all quality articles it costs a little more but it is worth it; the El-Jay standard of quality is a guarantee of that and remember No. 44 is El-Jay at its very best.
4d. PER PAIR
Obtainable in all the usual styles.
El-Jay
BOOT & SHOE LACES
MANUFACTURED BY L. JORDAN LIMITED OF ENNIS

Doctors and Nurses recommend 'California Syrup of Figs'
They know it to be a perfectly safe and natural fruit laxative. It ensures gentle but thorough action and the kiddies love its delicious flavour.
When your child gets cross and peevish, has a coated tongue and a headache, all that is needed to restore health and happiness is 'California Syrup of Figs,' Nature's own laxative.
The wise mother follows the advice of doctors and nurses and gives a dose of 'California Syrup of Figs brand laxative each week. 1/3 and 2/6 everywhere. Be sure to emphasize 'CALIFORNIA.'

FROM "THE TIMES"

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

VICHY AND SYRIA

The Times remarks editorially to-day:—Vichy is certainly unfortunate in its handling of Syrian affairs. The Government of Marshal Pétain and Admiral Darlan now profess indignation over what they describe as the arbitrary action of the British military authorities in detaining General Dentz and some of his officers. They entirely ignore the reasons plainly given for that detention—breach of one of the essential conditions of the armistice which General Dentz had signed, and the deception practised upon the British negotiators as to the whereabouts of British prisoners. In this they are following the example they set in June, when they were full of indignation over the British invasion, but ignored their own treacherous connivance with Axis infiltration, including the use of Syrian air bases to attack the British forces in Iraq. It was this that compelled Great Britain to take action, very reluctantly, to protect herself against a serious danger.

Indeed, there seems to be no limits to the prevarication and the distortion of facts to which Vichy is willing to descend in pursuit of the policy of collaboration with Hitlerite Germany. A thick veil is held over what is going on in French North and North-West Africa, but Britain and the United States must be prepared at any time to find themselves confronted with a German infiltration on the Syrian model, involving the use of Dakar and other bases, against British and American shipping in the South Atlantic. No word is more frequent in the Vichy vocabulary than the word honour and none is prostituted more shamelessly. The Dentz incident is particularly illuminating.

Vichy is not France, concludes *The Times*, and does not represent the French nation, but so long as it controls a great part of the French Empire and the French Fleet we must be prepared for any betrayal.

"WE WILL WIN," SAYS GENERAL SMUTS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

GERMISTON, Saturday.

Opening a spectacular display of the Air Command here before a crowd of 7,000, General Smuts to-day declared: "We shall win this war and South Africa will help to play a great part in the final victory. Air superiority is the decisive factor in this war," he said. "The British Commonwealth will achieve final air superiority and so win the war. He was not sure that invasion of Europe by land would be necessary."

Irish Times PHOTOGRAPHS
Restriction in the use of newsprint makes it impossible for us to publish many of the photographs of news, social and sporting events, which are taken by the *Irish Times* Photographers.
Readers may, however, see all photographs, including those taken during the week-end viz.:—
R.D.S. Jumping Events at Ballsbridge
Lullymore Bog Festival
Phœnix Park Races
at the head office of the *Irish Times*, Ltd., 31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin, where pictures may be examined and orders given.

Lieut.-Colonel Giles Loder and Mrs. H. Peard chatting in the Members' Enclosure at Phœnix Park Races.

U.S. JAIL BREAK

KIDNAPPERS AND WARDEN KILLED

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

McALESTER (OKLAHOMA), Sunday.

The Warden of the State Prison here, Jess Dunn, one jailer and three convicts were killed, and a number of other men were wounded, when four prisoners made a desperate break for liberty to-day. The prisoners kidnapped the Warden and a telephone engineer named Murray Fentress, and then marched their hostages to the prison gate, where the Warden was forced to ask the guards to throw down their guns and open the gate.

The convicts collected the guns, and marched their captives to a waiting motor car, in which they fled. Intercepted on the city boundary by the Deputy-warden and two guards, the convicts killed Dunn and wounded Fentress. In the shooting that followed three of the convicts were killed and the other two critically wounded, and the two guards accompanying the Deputy-warden were seriously wounded.

U.S. GOVERNMENT TO CONTROL STEEL

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Saturday.

The Office of Production Management to-day placed steel in all its forms under full Government priority control. The Defence Priorities Director has issued a control order of alloy steel, because of "a growing shortage of certain types of steel products." The order is designed to place all defence needs for iron and steel products before civilian requirements.

RAILWAYMEN'S WAGE APPLICATION

Two meetings of members of the National Union of Railwaymen, held in Dublin yesterday, unanimously condemned the action of the Railway Wages Board in rejecting their application to the G.S.R. for increased wages for workers in the "conciliation grades," and in deferring further consideration of the matter until after November 1st, 1941. The action of their representatives in refusing to accede to suspension of the "guaranteed week" was endorsed.

MR. DUFF COOPER IN NEW YORK

BRITAIN'S "GREATEST DANGER"

NEW YORK, Sunday.

Mr. Duff Cooper and his wife, Lady Diana Duff Cooper, arrived here to-day in the Atlantic Clipper from Lisbon, *en route* to Singapore.—(Associated Press.)

On Mr. Duff Cooper's arrival he said that the British Government expected "great developments in the Far East."—(Reuter.)

Mr. Duff Cooper and his wife, Lady Diana Duff Cooper, were greeted by his eleven-year-old son, John Julius.

Mr. Duff Cooper said that there was a tendency among the British people to believe that the war had been won. He asserted that this rising optimism was evident everywhere, but added that the people "should not forget that their greatest danger lies in the submarine menace and in Hitler's efforts to starve out England."

Mr. Duff Cooper said that British administration in the Far East would be centralised in Singapore. He expressed the belief that the reaction of the Japanese Government "to the strong measures taken by the Governments of Britain and the United States as the result of Japan's intrusion into Indo-China," had shown "a distinctly steadying and healthy effect."

Referring to what he described as rumours in the United States that full use was not being made of lend-and-lease material, Mr Duff Cooper declared: "We are now getting the full flow of American production and materials—all of first-rate quality." All had been utilised and were playing a "tremendous part" in Britain's war programme.

Mr. Duff Cooper added that he would remain in the United States for about a fortnight. He would leave for Washington shortly, and from there fly to San Francisco, whence he would take the Clipper to the East.

COUPONS FOR CLOTHES

NEW RATES FIXED

The coupon values in Northern Ireland and Britain of some items of clothing will be changed from to-morrow (Tuesday), and certain types of garment not given separately in previous lists are to have special ratings.

Among the changed items are woollen cardigans, sweaters, jumpers, jerseys, etc. These were formerly rated at eight coupons for adults' sizes and five for children's, if the garment had long sleeves; otherwise at five and three. The higher rating now applies if the garment weighs at least ten ounces—for an adult's garment—or seven ounces, for a child's garment—whatever the length of sleeve. Most cardigans weigh less than ten ounces.

Coupons for a non-woollen gym tunic or skirt on bodice have been reduced to six for women and four for girls. A sleeveless woollen frock is included with a woollen gym tunic or skirt on bodice at eight coupons for women or six for girls.

Other new or amended ratings concern types of underclothes, scarves or sashes, gloves or mittens—not leather or fur—and fur cuffs.

On Saturday last 108 boys were taken on a week's holiday to Sunshine House, Balbriggan, by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul Sunshine Fund. Already this year 1,065 children (526 boys and 539 girls) have enjoyed a holiday at Sunshine House.

Walt Disney, creator of Snow White, Mickey Mouse and Donald Duck, is to visit South America, says a Hollywood despatch, to gather information for new sketches dealing with typical South American subjects. —(Reuter.)

OBITUARY

THE VERY REV. CANON TIMOTHY J. RING

The death has occurred in a London hospital of the Very Rev. Canon Timothy J. Ring. Canon Ring, who was 83, had spent 54 years in the East End, and had been rector of the Church of St. Mary and St. Michael since 1904.

He was first rector of Silvertown Church, organised the Victoria Docks Mission, built schools, and within a year increased the number of his flock from about 100, chiefly Poles, to over 1,000, the bulk of whom were Irish.

Canon Ring, who was elected to the West Ham Schools Board in 1895, had been a member of the Catholic Education Committee for England for 51 years. The Pope appointed him a domestic prelate in 1937.

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR OWEN E. P. LLOYD, V.C.

Major-General Sir Owen Edward Pennefather Lloyd, V.C., K.C.B., whose death occurred last month at St. Leonards-on-Sea, at the age of 87, was one of those who withstood the siege of Standerton during the Boer War. Born in January, 1854, the son of Major M. P. Lloyd, of Rockfield, Co. Roscommon, he qualified as a surgeon at the Queen's University at Edinburgh. He joined the British Army Medical Service in 1878, and during his first year in the Army served in the Zulu War. It was in the Kachin-Burma expedition of 1892-93 that he won his V.C. In 1904 he went to India as P.M.O., and in 1910 to South Africa, where he filled a similar position. In 1913 he retired. When the last war broke out he was given the post of D.M.S., Southern Command, was mentioned in despatches, and promoted Major-General. He had been made C.B. in 1910, and was promoted to K.C.B. in 1923. He married Florence, daughter of the late Captain and Lady Louisa Morgan, of Bridestown House, near Fermoy, Co. Cork, and granddaughter of the third Earl of Mount Cashel. She died in 1938. There were two sons and one daughter of the marriage. Major-General Lloyd's nephew is the Rev. T. J. P. Westropp, of Limerick, and his grandniece is Mrs. Anna Clarke, of Ballynolan, Kildimo, Co. Limerick.

Major-General Lloyd had a constant thirst for adventure. He was a distinct type of soldier-surgeon, equally proficient with scalpel, sword and rifle.

MR. F. W. MEMORY

The death occurred yesterday of Mr. F. W. Memory, former Foreign Editor of the *Daily Mail*, and one of its best-known special correspondents. Mr. Memory joined the staff at the invitation of Lord Northcliffe nearly thirty years ago, and carried out many important assignments abroad. He was 58 and an old Harrovian. He died at his home at Pinner, Middlesex.

FREIGHTER TORPEDOED

SURVIVORS LANDED AT ARGENTINE PORT

ROSARIO (ARGENTINA), Sunday.

Sixteen survivors of the British freighter St. Anslem (5,614 tons), torpedoed by a submarine off the Canary Islands, arrived here to-day aboard the Spanish steamer, Tom (3,056 tons). They were not permitted to discuss the sinking.—(Associated Press.)

HEAVYWEIGHT CLUB DISSOLVED

A VICTIM OF RATIONING

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Sunday.

After a life of 40 years, the Cent Kilos Club, of Paris, has been dissolved, a victim of rationing, says the Vichy News Agency. One by one the 40 members became disqualified through their weight falling below the club's 16 stone minimum. The oldest living member, M. Bourinet, who used to weigh 19 stone, said to-day that he barely weighed 14 now. The club's record was held by M. Paul Sutti, who turned the scale at 32 stone. The members were famous for their escapades. One of their favourite ones was for all to board a 'bus until the platform scraped along the ground, and then all get out and push it. M. Herriot was a member of the club.

BRITISH-MEXICAN RELATIONS

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

MEXICO CITY, Sunday.

The possibility of a renewal of diplomatic relations between Mexico and Great Britain, broken off following the seizure of British oil properties by the Mexican Government in March, 1938, is to be considered by the Mexican Senate, it is believed in well-informed quarters here. The United States, it is rumoured, would act as mediator.

COLONEL KNOX TO SEE PRESIDENT

TIMES TELEGRAM.

TORONTO, Sunday.

Colonel Knox, United States Secretary of the Navy, accompanied by several American Army officers of high rank, is reported to have arrived at Montreal yesterday. It is understood that the party intend to fly from an Eastern Canadian airport to President Roosevelt's yacht somewhere in the Atlantic.—(Copyright, per P.A.)

BRITISH BOMBS ON DENMARK, SAY GERMANS

The German wireless claimed that, according to a statement issued in Copenhagen, British aircraft dropped bombs on Denmark on Thursday. Some bombs fell on Aalborg Castle, but caused no damage, the announcer claimed. He added: "This same British 'plane probably bombed the Swedish ship, Vinorsborg."—(Associated Press.)

GERMAN 'PLANE DOWN IN EGYPT

CAIRO, Sunday.

A German 'plane made a forced landing on Lake Borollos, about 50 miles east of Alexandria, during an attempted raid on the Delta last week, it is disclosed here to-day. The four occupants—two of them wounded—were captured.—(Reuter.)

DOMINION PREMIER ON "SLACKING"

Mr. Peter Fraser, Prime Minister of New Zealand, speaking on Britain's war effort at Newcastle on Saturday, said:—"There has been some talk of absenteeism and slacking, but I have not come across any. It would be fatal if any impression got abroad in the Dominions that slacking is general. I shall be pleased to assure the people at home that this is not so. I would suggest that, instead of stressing defects, emphasis be placed on the achievements which I have seen for myself.

The total number of people on the live register on August 2 was 54,758—a decrease of 5,108, as compared with the corresponding period last year.

ABERDEEN & COMMONWEALTH LINE
ONE CLASS (Tourist) SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA
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Telephone: TEMple Bar 9141

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE
without Calomel — and you'll jump out of bed in the morning full of vim and vigour
The liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk, and the world looks punk.
Laxatives help a little, but a mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those good old Carters Brand Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up." Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Ask for Carters Brand Little Liver Pills. Stubbornly refuse anything else. 1/3 and 3/7

AUCTIONS.

"BATTERSBY'S AUCTIONS"
THURSDAY NEXT, 14th AUGUST,
At 2.30 p.m.
AT OUR SALEROOMS.
(Unless previously disposed of.)
"LISHEEN," 15 ROSMEEN GARDENS,
DUN LAOGHAIRE.
Messrs. ARTHUR O'HAGAN & SON, Solicitors, 9 Harcourt street.

18 KINCORA ROAD, CLONTARF.
CHARLES MAGWOOD, Solicitor, 8 Anglesea street.

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Auctioneers and Valuers, M.I.A.A., F.A.I.,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Established in the year 1815.

MAIN STREET, BALTINGLASS, CO. WICKLOW.
FOR SALE, WITH POSSESSION, DWELLING-HOUSE,
WITH SHOP AND YARD. FREEHOLD.
Full particulars from
THOMAS DOYLE & SON,
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BALTINGLASS.

PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.

EVACUATION.

EVACUEES—Accommodation for few people in country house.—Hugo, Glenwood, Rathdrum, Wicklow. 9 B

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABDOMINA' Belts, Artificial Limbs, Elastic stockings, Knee-caps, Anklets, Jock Straps, Suspensory Bandages, Trusses, Ladies' Aprons, Enemas Douches, Syringes, Braces for correcting Stoop and Round Shoulders. All Medical Requisites. Cheapest House in town. Catalogues.—Dublin Medical Stores, Fownes street, off Dame street. X

BARNARDO'S, Pioneers of Fur Trade in Ireland, invite inspection of their stock of exquisite Furs at very moderate prices.—108 Grafton street, Dublin. T.C.

MANOR Mill Laundry—Highest class work. Collars and Table Linen a speciality. 12 30

MANOR Mill Laundry—Try our "Thrift" Service; half usual prices, Dundrum. 12 30

THE only risk with Hiltona Mattresses is making career of sleep. 22 X

Model in Grey Mohair showing the new Dolman sleeve.

Slyne & Co. Ltd.
71 Grafton St., Dublin

Groomed Grace

Beautiful clothes must be accompanied by that essential grooming without which no woman can feel well-dressed. That grooming can most easily be achieved with the help of Arnotts beauty specialists. Call to-day for free consultation. Special introductory treatment 5/-.

Beauty Bureau
Women out-of-town may write in confidence for advice, marking the envelope 'Beauty Bureau.' Recommended preparations can be despatched by post.

ARNOTTS
new beauty shop
HENRY STREET, DUBLIN

Janus

Large Quantities of Chickens and Old Hens Wanted
Highest Prices Paid. Crates forwarded immediately on receipt of instructions.
WALTER KEHOE,
PEMBROKE, CARLOW.
'Phone: Carlow 12 and 116.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS

CATTLE.

DONCASTER.—Good demand. English dairy cows, best £50 to £60; calving heifers £46 to £45. Small show of English stores. Good demand; two-year-olds £20 to £24, younger £12 10/- to £16 10/-. Small supply of sheep. Notts County and Lincolnshire lambs 50/- to 60/-; suckling pigs 23/- to 35/-, stores 75/-, sows to £14.

PROVISIONS.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Supplies well up to the average, with opening sales well supported, but as the day wore on prices slumped to a low level at:—York cabbage, large, 5/- to 60/-; outstanding, 50/-; small, 3/- to 48/- load; swedes, 7/- to 8/- bag; cauliflowers, 4/-; lettuce, 4d. to 1/-; marrows, 2/6 to 6/- doz.; beet, 1/6 to 2/-; carrots, 1/- to 2/-; parsnips, 3/- doz. bundles; onions, 1/6 to 3/6; scallions, 1/3 to 3/6 bunch; peas, 6/- to 12/6 bag, 25/- to 26/- sack; tomatoes, 1/- to 1/4, and mushrooms, 2/- per lb.

DUBLIN FISH.—On offer, 24 packages salmon, 14 boxes lobsters, and a small amount from country and local senders. Demand quiet at:—Salmon and grilse, best, 3/- to 3/6, secondary, 2/- to 2/9; soles, 1/6 to 2/6; turbot, 1/- to 1/4; brill, 9d. to 1/4 per lb.; lobsters, 5/- to 32/- per 13; plaice, 45/- to 60/-; ray, 12/6 to 21/-, and dabs, 10/- to 12/- box.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Good supplies, with demand fair at:—Queens, 8/-, and Epicures, 7/- per cwt.

GRIMSBY FISH.—Cod, sprags, codling, large and small haddocks and coleys, 8/- (all with heads on); plaice and lemon soles, 16/6; halibut, 22/-; dabs, 16/6; haddocks, 15/6; smoked fillets, 22/3; smoked whitings 15/6 per stone.

BUTTER STOCKS INCREASED

FIGURES FOR JULY

The following table, which has been compiled by the Department of Agriculture from returns furnished under the Dairy Produce Act, 1931, shows the quantity of butter held on the 31st ultimo in all public cold stores in Eire and at the premises of manufacturers of creamery and factory butter and principal merchants. The figures do not include the day-to-day stocks in the hands of shopkeepers:—

	Creamery Butter cwt.	Factory and Other Butter. cwt.
Held in Public Cold Stores for:—		
(a) Creamery Proprietors	13,703	—
(b) Other Persons	27,656	1,346
Held at Creameries	23,495	—
Held at Merchants' Premises and Butter Factories	5,029	410
Totals on July 15, 1941	69,883	1,756
Totals on July 15, 1941	55,946	5,086

In the period from 16th to 31st July the production of creamery butter was approximately 55,547 cwt. Public cold stores received 21,158 cwt., and withdrawals amounted to 7,569 cwt., leaving a net movement of 13,589 cwt. of creamery butter into public cold stores.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

Applications for the Treasury Bills on tender totalled £159,075,000, a decline of £6,110,000. In consequence the market's quota was raised from 27 to 30 per cent., and it is believed that this will enable discount houses to meet probable demands for short-dated maturities this week.

Day-to-day money has been less plentiful, although there has been no stringency. Some outside institutions called in rather heavily early on Saturday, but conditions became easier later, and it was then possible to borrow until to-day at ½ per cent. against bonds.

The Treasury will make no call upon the banks for loans against deposit receipts this week. This may be partly on the expectation that the Government will receive heavy subscriptions to the 2½ per cent. National War Bonds before the "tap" is turned off to-morrow (Tuesday).

STOCK EXCHANGE FEATURES

INCREASING INTEREST IN INDUSTRIALS

FROM OUR LONDON FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.

IN spite of the attitude of Japan, which produced weakness in the Bonds of that country, London Stock markets finished the week with a generally firm tendency owing to the latest reports from the Russian front.

The optimism means that in the City, at least, it is believed that the end of the war is nearer than had been generally imagined a few weeks ago. It is because of this that more attention is being given to the equities of various kinds, but particularly those of Industrial and other companies, which it is thought would quickly reflect the benefits of peace. There is the further consideration that the taxation factor in depressing values has spent its force or is less important than seemed to be the case some time ago.

The outstanding feature in Home Industrials last week was the persistent investment buying of Brewery issues. This has been encouraged by good profit and dividend statements, the last being that of Watney, Coombe and Reid, as the distribution recommended was better than expected.

"TAP" LOAN CHANGES

British Government securities, after being quiet during Friday morning, hardened before the close, partly because of the prevailing hopeful mood and also because it was considered that ultimately the effect of the Chancellor of the Exchequer's changes in the terms of the "Tap" Loans would be to raise further the prices of existing stocks.

The first effect of the announcement that the 2½ p.c. National War Bonds, 1946-48 would be withdrawn was to harden the short-dated issues and weaken the "longs," as, while some of the funds awaiting investment will, undoubtedly, go into the 3 p.c. Savings Bonds, which are to continue on "tap," it is probable that, with the discontinuance of the 2½ p.c. National War Bonds, there will be an increased demand for quoted short-dated securities. This would almost inevitably lead to an adjustment of quotations of the long-dated issues and, perhaps, prepare the ground for the offer of a new short-dated security designed to attract the support of the banks, insurance companies, etc., as such a step was not ruled out by Sir Kingsley Woods' statement in the Commons

SHORTAGE OF STOCK

Fresh buying of Home Rails and Industrial equities has had the more effect upon prices, because the supply of stock is still small. The importance of this is, perhaps, not generally recognised. It is not an uncommon experience for a broker with an order to buy 200 or 300 shares to find that all he can obtain is 20, 30, or, perhaps, 50. Holders who refused to sell when the outlook appeared to be black are much less likely to do so now when the corner seems to have been definitely turned. If there is no real need to sell, there is every inducement to hold for better prices, or the prospective return on the capital.

Because of the greater disposition to buy equities rather less attention is now being given to Gilt-edged Securities, but this section, after a period of hesitancy, also participated in the more hopeful feeling, whereas in some other directions stock is not in good market supply, while money continues to be cheap, and may, possibly, be cheaper still in the future.

MORE CONFIDENCE

The more optimistic members of the Stock Exchange may experience disappointment in regard to the probable duration of the war, but it cannot be denied that since the early part of the summer of 1940 the aspect of the situation has changed for the better. America is largely responsible for this, but there are other encouraging factors, including Great Britain's prospective or actual mastery of the air war and the fine defence made by the Russian Army. This favourable change in the war has served to offset higher taxation and the rise in the cost of living as market influences.

It must be remembered, however, that, in a measure, conditions at present are somewhat artificial. There are virtually no new capital issues to interfere with Government borrowing, so that, apart from war loans, few new securities are being created to satisfy a steady investment demand. This demand tends to leave "safety first" stocks for those which promise a bigger yield, but the fact that purchasers are no longer largely restricted to Gilt-edged Securities is an expression of the greater confidence now felt regarding the future.

RALLY IN RAILS

No recent market feature was more welcome than the rally in Home Rails, a movement due less to the maintenance of interim dividends for the first half of this year than to a rumour that the revision of the agreement between the Government and the companies would provide for the payment of a rental for the use of the lines during the war. The Government, however, found it impossible to make any statement on this subject before the summer recess.

It is still thought that a guarantee of the kind mentioned would be, at least, equal to the net revenue earned in 1940, and, conceivably, it may be sufficient to pay slightly higher dividends on Great Western and L.M.S. Ord. Stocks and Southern Deferred If, further, it is provided that the guarantee will remain in force for a year or two after the war, a further recovery in many Home Rails would be justified, for current yields on Great Western and L.M.S. Ord. Stocks, L.M.S. 4 p.c. Second Pref., and Southern Def. would still be attractively high. There would be a further appreciation in these four Stocks, and also in L.M.S. 4 p.c., 1923, Pref., L.N.E. 4 p.c. Second Guar., and Southern Preferred Ord.

The absence of an early official statement regarding the new railway agreement caused some set-back from the best in the leading stocks.

Although we are now well into the second half of 1941, the traffics of the Canadian Pacific Railway continue to show satisfactory increases, and so far the prediction of the President at the last annual meeting that the expansion would be followed by less favourable figures has not been fulfilled.

For the last 10 days of July the gross earnings amounted to 6,727,000 dollars, showing an increase of 1,374,000 dollars, equal to 25½ p.c., while for the seven months to the end of last month they have reached 119,199,000 dollars, an increase of 70,688,000 dollars, or 40 p.c. Even allowing for some falling off later in the year, these figures further strengthen the position of the 4 p.c. Pref., and virtually assure the full dividend again for 1941. As that stock is still obtainable at, say, 59, to yield 6¾ p.c., it is an attractive purchase.

Although future traffics may be less satisfactory, it is reasonable to expect that they will continue to be good for a long time to come, because of the bigger commercial movement in the Dominion, as a result of the war. Admittedly, the Ord. has the greater scope for capital appreciation from the present price of 9 for the shares of 25 dollars each.

TO HELP FOOD PRODUCTION

AN EXPERIMENTAL PIG FARM

Although August bank holiday was observed in Lancashire more generally than was anticipated, there was an early return to normal trading conditions so far as the provision market was concerned. It is interesting to note that Major Lloyd George, answering questions about the licensing of food traders, said:—"It has now been decided that in future licences will be withdrawn from any trader, whether wholesaler or retailer, who is guilty of conduct which renders him unsuitable for the task of distribution. This will come into operation on August 15th."

It had further been decided that steps be taken to ensure that the provisions of the maximum price and rationing orders obtained and that all important foodstuffs with the exception of perishable and luxury articles, should be subject to control.

To help food production the Manchester Corporation hopes by September to have started producing at least 7,000lb. of pork and bacon every three months. A proposal has been approved by the Finance Committee to spend not more than £500 to set up an experimental pig farm. It is hoped to increase the pigs to 200, yielding about 28,000lb. of pork and bacon each three months, which would be disposed of through the Ministry's official channels.

BACON IN DEMAND

Bacon continues in brisk demand, and allocations, which are made up mainly of Eireann, Canadian and United States meats, are being readily taken up. The limited supplies of hams and gammons are available for the coupon trade only. There has been a fair average flow of pigs to bacon factories.

There is a good consumptive demand for the fortnightly allocation of butter up to the ration level, which is fully met. Supplies of good quality margarine are ample for the increased demand.

Lard is nominally unchanged, and supplies of American refined are awaited for distribution against the cooking fats ration.

Another interesting item of food news is that the cheese ration will be increased to three ounces per head on August 25th to the ordinary consumer, and that for priority classes will remain unchanged at eight ounces per head. Meantime, firm conditions prevail in the trade, with available supplies well taken up.

There is a good demand for eggs, but at the time of writing the weekly distribution had not commenced, and traders were awaiting allocations.

MORE LAMBS

Arrivals of fat cattle to Mode Wheel, the Government collecting centre under the control scheme, were not very heavy, but more lambs and sheep were received than for some time past. The quality of the small entries of calves was about up to the average. At the Water street collecting centre supplies of pigs were on fair general lines, and the quality well maintained. The bulk of the animals was again allocated for bacon purposes.

In the early part of the week fresh killed meat was in rather lighter supply than imported, but lamb was more in evidence. Towards the close aggregate supplies again included more lamb owing to increased quantities of Welsh being available. Pitchings of imported were about up to last week's level. It is reported that meat wholesalers are to ask the Ministry of Food for a penny in the pound increase in their charges to retailers to cover what they claim are increased costs, and a deputation from wholesalers will visit the Ministry this week to press for this change.

GROUSE SEASON

The grouse season opened earlier than usual, and at Tuesday's market first arrivals of best young birds were quoted at 12/- per brace. Towards the week-end prices eased somewhat, from 11/- to 12/- being asked for young grouse, and old 6/- per brace. Salmon has been in moderate supply, and good demand. Values were firm, with an upward tendency, and Irish made 4/6 and grilse 4/3 per lb. wholesale. Dead poultry continues in short supply, and when available clears readily at controlled prices.

FRESH FALL ON WALL STREET

OIL SHARES SHOW RESISTANCE

NEW YORK, Saturday.

The persistence of tax and war doubts resulted in a further retreat on the Stock Exchange to-day. Occasional resistance was a feature in the face of determined, though not urgent, realising, and fractional losses were preponderant. Wall Street derived little comfort from the Russo-German bulletins, while the cloudy situation in the Far East and the revival of unrest in the labour field induced some week-end trimming of commitments.

The turnover totalled 320,000 shares, and of the 619 stocks traded only 56 advanced, 397 declined, and 166 showed no change.

The market tended faintly downwards at the opening, but movements were sluggish and insignificant, with week-end caution predominating. Losses ranging to a point were recorded by the Aircraft, Chemical, Farm Implement, Merchandising, Mining and Steel groups. Oil Shares, after slumping yesterday on Mr. Morgenthau's recommendation for the abolition of tax allowance on depletion, were slightly more resistant. The exception was Texas Corporation, which lost over a point.

The tone at the close was easy.—(Reuter.)

	Sat.	Fri.
	1%	1%
Call Money		
London Cables	4.03½	4.03½
Montreal Cables	4.53	4.53

Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Sat.	Fri.
5 9/16	Baltimore and Ohio	4½	4⅝
51 1/16	Canadian Pacific	4⅝	4⅜
82 5/8	Louisville and Nashville	66½	68
13 13/16	N.Y. Central	12¾	13
249 1/16	Norfolk and W. Com.	201	201
29¾	Pennsylvania	24	24¼
20⅛	Reading	16¼	16⅜
16¼	Southern Pacific	13⅛	7⅜
20¾	Southern Railway	16¾	17
100⅜	Union Pacific	81	81½
	INDUSTRIALS.		
198 3/16	Allied Chemical	160	161
—	American Locomotive	—	—
—	American Metal	—	—
105 15/16	American Can	85½	87
50 13/16	American Smelting	41	42⅜
190½	American Tel. and Tel.	153¼	153⅝
—	Anaconda Copper	27½	28¼
88¼	Bethlehem Steel	71¼	72⅜
—	Case (J. I.)	—	—
70⅝	Chrysler Corporation	57	57¾
172 15/16	Eastman Kodak	139½	139⅝
39 1/16	General Electric	31½	31⅝
48⅝	General Motors	39¼	39½
32 13/16	International Nickel	26½	26½
2 15/16	Do. Tel and Tel	2⅜	2¼
46 1/16	Kennecott Copper	37½	37⅝
5 1/16	Radio Corporation	4⅛	4¼
18¼	Shell Union	14¾	14⅞
28½	U.S. Rubber	23	23⅛
73⅛	U.S. Steel Common	58⅝	58½
149¼	Do. Preferred	120⅝	120⅝
37 1/16	Woolworth	29⅞	29⅞
—	Silver Com. Bars	—	34¾
6 15/16	Brazilian Traction	5⅝	5⅝
9 1/16	B.A. Tobacco Coupon	7½	7½
	BONDS.		
—	U.S. Treas. 3⅜% '45-56	—	—
—	7% German Ext. Loan	—	9

† Ex dividend.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE

Eng. Equiv.		Closing Bid Sat.	Fri.
163 5/8	Beil Tel (Canada)	146½	146¾
8⅝	Brazilian T.L. and P.	7¾	7⅝
24⅝	B.C. Power "A"	22	—
1 15/16	Do "B"	1.75	1.75
7 15/16	Canadian Car and F.	7⅛	7⅜
26	Do. Preferred	23¼	23½
31¾	Canadian Celanese Com.	28½	28½
129 5/8	Do. Pref.	116	117
5¼	Canadian Cement	5⅛	5¼
7 1/16	Canadian Pacific	6½	6⅝
—	Cockshutt Plow	—	5
42½	Con. M and Smelt.	38	38½
25⅝	Distillers' Seagrams	22⅞	23
—	Dom. Textiles	—	72½
10½	Imperial Oil	9⅜	9⅜
14	Imp. Tobacco (Canada)	12½	12½
38 1/16	Int. Nickel of Canada	34¼	34
15 9/16	International Petroleum	13⅞	14
3 1/16	Massey Harris	2¾	2⅞
24 5/16	Montreal Light & Heat	21⅜	21⅜
25 1/16	National Breweries	24½	24½
—	National Steel Car	—	—
5½	Power Corp. (Canada)	4½	4¾
11⅝	Quebec Power	10⅜	10½
14½	Shawinigan Water	12¾	13
—	Southern Canadian Power	—	9
72¾	Steel Co. of Canada	65	65
14	Hollinger Mines	12½	12⅜
—	Noranda Mines	—	55½
203⅝	Bank of Montreal	182	182
163 3/16	Canadian Bank of Com.	146	146
171 3/16	Royal Bank of Canada	153	153½
	CURB PRICES.		
—	Hiram Walker	—	41¾
15⅜	Lake Shore Mines	13¾	—
—	McIntyre Porcupine	—	—

SANCTION FOR SCHEMES

COMPLAINTS OF OFFALY BOARD

Delay in sanctioning schemes submitted to the Local Government Department was alleged as the cause for the Board's inability to proceed with work on social services at Saturday's meeting of Offaly Board of Health by Mr George O'Connell, who said that the machinery of the Government Information Bureau had been invoked by the Department in an effort to refute certain complaints made by him.

The official records of the Board, Mr O'Connell said, would prove that a decision to proceed with a sewerage scheme for Clara was made on February 28, 1939. Plans for this scheme were submitted to the Board on November 14 of the same year, and were referred to the County Engineer. At a meeting of the Board on March 26, 1940, it was reported by the Secretary that the plans had been forwarded to the Department. Sanction for these plans was only received at that day's meeting, over sixteen months later.

The Clara housing scheme was sanctioned on March 29, 1939, with a two years' limit. If the sewerage scheme had also been sanctioned both schemes would have been in progress concurrently and finished at approximately the same time, as a public water supply had already been installed and was in operation. His object in calling public attention to unreasonable delay was not for scare purposes. He would like to absolve the Housing Section of the Department, and also the Minister. His complaint was against the Public Health Section of the Department.

Mr. Boyle said the attitude of the Board had been misunderstood and capital made out of their complaints and a Press campaign inaugurated against the Department. The Minister had to stand over the actions of his subordinates. They were trying to make good the neglect of centuries.

Mr. Galvin said, surely as members of a public board, they had the right to complain of anything they considered unreasonable. When dealing with the tenders for Kilcormac water supply, they had acted on the advice of their consulting engineer and refused to accept the lowest tender. The Department refused sanction to the tender which they did accept, but subsequently the Board's action was thoroughly vindicated. All this meant great delay in proceeding with urgently required schemes.

Mr. O'Connell said the day of reckoning for the new county hospital had yet to come.

COMPANY NEWS

T. Lyons and Co. (Wholesale Warehousemen and Manufacturers) have declared an interim dividend on the Ordinary Shares of 2 per cent. (actual), less tax. Last year an interim of 1½ per cent. was followed by a final of 2½ per cent.

Frederick Corringe.—Ord. and Pref. dividend deferred.

North Hummock (Selangor) Rubber.—Profit £18,559 (against £10,768). Dividend 5 per cent.

Neuchatel Asphalte.—Net profit £13,167 (against £25,492). Dividend on the Ord. capital, which is again 1¼ per cent., is being paid out of the carry forward, which is accordingly reduced from £45,529 to £39,635.

BIRMINGHAM MOTOR QUOTATIONS

Friday's closing prices:—Albion Drop Forgings, 7.7½; Albion Motor, 40/6; Alvis, 2.7½; Austin Ord., 15/-; ditto "A" Ord., 14.10½; ditto 6 per cent. "B" Pref., 27.6; ditto Preferred 20 per cent., 25/10½; Birmid Industries, 65/-; B.S.A., 21/-; Bluemel, 23/6; Brett's Stamping, 47/-; British Piston, 12/3; Brockhouse (J.), 49/-; Brown Bros., 50/-; Clifford Components, 4/3; Cornercroft, 5/9; Crossley Motors, 5/-; Dennis, 21/3; Dertetd Stamping, 15/6; Dunlop Rubber, 35/9; Enfield Cycle, 16/6; Fisher and Ludlow, 24/-; Fodens, 18/6; Ford, 21/9; Guy, 1.10½; Halford Cycle, 53/6; Harper (John and Co.) 40/6; Heenan and Froude, 6.7½; Hughes Johnson, 68/6; Humber Preferred, 12/6; Leyland, 73/-; Lucas, 59/6; Mansfield, 5/3; Meadows, 13.10½; Morris, 30/9; Moss Gear, 11/3; Mulliners Holdings, 9d.; Napier, 6/6; New Hudson, 31/6; Perfecta Equipments, 8/6; Perry, 25/6; Pressed Steel, 19/9; Raleigh, 60/6; Rendel and Cox Chain, 33/9; Rolls Royce, 30/-; Rovers, 15.4½; S.S. Cars, 4/6; Serck Radiators, 63/3; Singer, 2/-; Smith (S. and Sons) Deferred, 7/3; Smith's Stamping, 23/6; Standard, 13.10½; Sun Cycle 2/6; Tilling, 45/9; Triplex Glass, 21.10/-; Tube Investments, 95/-; Villiers Engineering, 27/3. AIRCRAFT—Boulton Paul, 2/9; Bristol, 31/3; Fairey, 13/3; Hawker Siddeley, 13.4/-; Hobson (H. M.) Components, 7/9; Parnall, 4/-

CIVIC AFFAIRS IN BELFAST

MINISTRY TO TAKE ACTION

"FUTILE TO RELY UPON CORPORATION"

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Sunday.

"It is quite obvious that the Corporation have shown complete irresponsibility in the manner in which they have dealt with the Committee's report, and the Ministry has come to the conclusion that it would be futile to rely upon the Corporation to put its affairs on a proper basis and it, therefore, proposes to take legislative and administrative action immediately to secure that a proper regard shall be had to the wishes and interests of the ratepayers."

A letter from which the foregoing extract has been taken was sent last Friday to the Town Clerk of Belfast by the Northern Ministry of Home Affairs, arising out of the decision of Belfast Corporation to dissolve the Special Committee which it had appointed to make recommendations as an outcome of the Government's inquiry into the Whiteabbey Sanatorium scandal.

URGENT NECESSITY

The inquiry was held at the request of the Corporation, states the Home Office communication, after both the Tuberculosis Committee and a Special Committee had come to the conclusion that the condition of affairs at the sanatorium was such that the holding of a sworn inquiry by the Ministry was an urgent necessity, and it might justifiably have been expected on these grounds alone that the Corporation would have appreciated that it was their obvious duty to render these findings operative in the most effective manner possible

It would appear that this was the view adopted by the Special Committee, and that this Committee, realising the gravity of the situation, were anxious to recommend effective action. The majority of the members of the Corporation, however, clearly wished to prevent any such action being taken, and with this end in view have avoided the issues as completely as possible.

The Corporation purport to have adopted the views of the Special Committee expressed in four out of the six paragraphs, but in effect they have done nothing of the kind, and furthermore, they have brought the sittings of the Committee to a close without permitting them to continue their investigation as they desired to do so.

TREATED WITH CONTEMPT

It is quite obvious, therefore, adds the letter, that the Corporation have shown complete irresponsibility in the manner in which they have dealt with the Committee's Report. The recommendations of the Committee in effect have been treated with contempt.

It is clear from the recommendations of the Committee that they approached their task with a genuine desire to point the way to proper and effective steps being taken to prevent the recurrence of such grave scandals as have arisen in connection with the administration of the Whiteabbey Sanatorium in other departments of the Corporation, but any such Committee is clearly impotent so long as the majority of the Corporation adopt the policy of obstructing any attempt at reform.

Had this Committee met with due measure of support from the Corporation it might have been possible to have left the matter in the hands of that body.

LINE OF ACTION

No indication is given of the nature of the legislative and administrative action to be taken. Three alternative courses are being widely debated by the citizens—viz., the temporary dissolution of the Corporation and the appointment of Commissioners; the submission of the question to a plebiscite of the ratepayers, and the holding of a general election of members of the Corporation. Such an election could not be held without legislation, as, under the existing law, only a proportion of the Council retire annually. At present there are three vacancies in the Council, all arising directly from the Whiteabbey affair.

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Film Notes

In Darkest Africa

By Our Cinema Correspondent

IT is rarely that the second film of a series attains the standard set by the first, but the **Road to Zanzibar**—showing at the Adelphi this week—is every bit as funny as its predecessor, the Road to Singapore.

Bing Crosby has now discovered that being funny is his *forte;* his voice is an elegant adjunct to the *ensemble* rather than an end in itself.

In this film he and Bob Hope, following in their own footsteps, travel the five hundred miles to nowhere and back again through the Dark Continent, swindling everybody who is gullible enough to let them, and being swindled in turn by Dorothy Lamour, who is pretty enough to fool them.

We do not see very much of Dorothy Lamour in this film, partly because the story is written like that, partly because sarongs are not worn in this part of the world, and partly—I shouldn't wonder—because the Censor has got at it with his little scissors.

Not particularly profound, but highly diverting.

Carlton

In the Secret Tunnels of the Ancient Pharaohs, and under the Dark Streets of Mysterious Cairo, three daring and intrepid adventurers face the Nameless Terror of the Sphinx in order to expose a Cunning Web of Oriental Intrigue and bring back the Priceless Seven Jewels of the Kings which have been lost in the Caverns of the Nile since the Beginning of Time. Death and Destruction lurk around every Corner, and the Age-old Curse of the Pharaohs hangs like a Pall over them; but there is Love, too, Strange, Exotic Love in this Eerie Place. That, roughly speaking, gives you an idea of **Dark Streets of Cairo,** and for those who like that sort of thing this is the sort of thing that should suit them down to the ground. The stars, by the way, are Ralph Byrd, Sigrid Gurie and Eddie Quillan.

Also on the programme is **The Man at the Gate,** a most unusual short. It is the story of a typical British sea-faring family, beginning a few months before the war, and ending on Christmas Day last, with the King's words coming over the radio—the words from which the title of the film is derived.

There is not a lot in the picture, but it is beautifully filmed, and the acting—especially that of Wilfred Lawson, the Mr. Doolittle of Pygmalion—is excellent.

Corinthian

Double Date is one of those light, collegey comedies that the Americans do so well.

If we are to believe the evidence of such films, it seems that American adolescents spend the most part of their time telling their parents how they should live their lives. At any rate, in this film two college students, Peggy Moran and Rand Brooks—who live next door to one another, and do not hate one another nearly as much as they think they do—form a non-aggression pact in order to prevent the former's aunt from marrying the latter's father.

They are, of course, unsuccessful; for the grown-ups—Una Merkel and Edmund Lowe—elope together (although too old for that sort of thing) and Rand and Peggy can do nothing but smile at one another, and change the non-aggression pact for something more romantic (although too young for that sort of thing).

Also on the programme is **In Old Colorado,** a Hopalong Cassidy Western and another instalment of "Junior G-Men."

Royal

At first I was terribly afraid that **Two-Gun Cupid** was going to turn out to be just another Western—only relieved from the completely commonplace by Laraine Day's pretty face—but, once Wallace Beery and Lionel Barrymore got sparring together I knew it would be all right.

It was really a delight to listen to these two old-timers talking philosophy at one another; from Lionel Barrymore the sarcastic, cynical commentary of a man who has spent his life sitting around looking at things and thinking, and from Wallace Beery the crude, clumsy dogma, of a man who has spent his life doing things and not thinking very much.

There is a story, of course, about ranches, bandits, etc., and a love interest dragged in to give Laraine Day something to do besides look fetching, but the Battle of the Giants between Beery and Barrymore completely overshadows everything else in the picture.

If you have not yet fallen captive to the charms of either or both of these gentlemen you should see "Two Gun Cupid" straight away; if you are already a Beery or Barrymore fan you will need no second invitation.

Goodbye Mr. Chips (Capitol). A cavalcade of British school life, with Robert Donat playing the best bit of character acting he has ever done in the part of Chips, the schoolmaster. A fine film, with many moving scenes that are distinctly—but not aggressively—British.

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Men of Boys' Town (Savoy). Mickey Rooney and Spencer Tracy weep on one another's shoulders for a second week in their little reformatory, where bad boys become good boys in next to no time. A little sentimental, but by no means boring.

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The Son of Monte Cristo (Metropole). Retained. Louis Hayward and Joan Bennett in a rather thrilling Ruritanian adventure of the swashbuckling variety. Highly enjoyable, but Monte Cristo, junior, is not a patch on his old man.

* * *

The Testament of Dr. Mabuse (Astor). A German thriller that is sufficiently thrilling to interest low-brow cinema fans, and sufficiently German to interest high-brow cinema fans.

* * *

Old Bill and Son. (Grafton.) The well-known cartoon comes to life in the persons of Morland Graham and John Mills. To misquote Old Bill himself: "If yer knows of a better pitcher, go to it."

* * *

Cheers for Miss Bishop. (Regal Rooms.) America's challenge to "Goodbye, Mr. Chips," is a wishy-washy sort of picture about a young Mid-Western College lecturer—Martha Scott—who could not keep her mind on the pupils in her class or off the men in her life.

* * *

Spare a Copper. (Astoria.) Personally, I would not dream of sparing a copper to see Mr. George Formby. Also on the programme is a coloured cartoon, "Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves," which somewhat atones for Mr. Formby. From Thursday, Paul Muni in "The Life of Emile Zola," and "Sweepstakes Winner."

* * *

Third Finger, Left Hand. (Regent.) Melvyn Douglas approaches Myrna Loy in a slightly less sophisticated manner than William Powell, but he gets there in the end, too. From Thursday, Mickey Rooney and Judy Garland in "Strike Up the Band."

* * *

The Letter. (Green.) Bette Davis and Herbert Marshall in what is probably a highly skilled piece of dramatic acting; the trouble is I just cannot bring myself to like her.

* * *

Hudson's Bay. (Pavilion.) Going back to nature with Gene Tierney and Paul Muni. From Thursday, James Stewart and Hedy Lamarr in another delightfully sophisticated "domestic comedy"—"Come Live With Me."

* * *

Love Thy Neighbour. (Theatre De Luxe), with Jack Benny and Mary Martin. Also "Under Texas Skies," with Bob Steele. From Thursday, Bela Lugosi in "The Devil Bat," and Henry Armatta in "Caught in this Act."

MAP OF THE RUSSIAN FRONT

RICHARD GOSS EXECUTED

Richard Goss (26), of Dundalk, was executed at Maryborough Jail on Saturday at